

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 23.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, OCT. 26, 1893.

NUMBER 9.

REMOVAL SALE!

TWO WEEKS ONLY!

Clothing, Boots and Shoes at from 50 to 75 Cents on the Dollar.

No humbug, no bankrupt sale fake, no Jew business. Honest goods at less than cost to manufacture, and guaranteed as represented. Leave your cash with your friends that offer you more than value received in place of robbing you.

Keep your eyes open. Don't buy old shop worn chestnuts when you can buy new and stylish goods for less money.

Men's odd suits that sold for \$12.00, \$14.00 and \$16.00, we are now closing out at \$10.00.

Cheaper suits and dearer suits at the same reduction.

Boy's \$10.00 suits, removal sale price from \$5.00 to \$7.50.

Children's all wool \$4.00 suits, removal sale price \$2.50.

Men's odd pants worth from \$3.00 to \$5.00, removal sale price \$2.50.

Overcoats worth \$8.00, removal sale price \$4.50 and \$5.00.

The largest line of Ulsters ever shown in Chelsea, removal sale price on most of them from

1-4 to 1-2 off.

Make your selections while you have a chance from one of the largest stocks in Washtenaw County, at prices never before heard of.

Goods charged only at regular prices.

Produce taken the same as cash.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

Corner Store for 2 weeks more.

CHELSEA, - - - MICHIGAN

AT

* M. BOYD'S *

* MEAT MARKET *

You will find the Choice of Fresh Meats, Salt Meats, Smoked Meats, Poultry, Sausages and all articles in our line.

Why should you trade with us? Because we have an assortment; Because we deliver to your home; Because we treat all alike; Because we have the meats

If you want to buy a quarter or large quantity, call on us, we can save you money. Profit no consequence.

Hotel and Restaurant in Connection. Best Meal to be had in town, 25c.

HOLD ON.

See W. R. Lehman before buying your Holiday Books.

Mr. Lehman is agent for one of the largest publishing houses in Chicago, and can surely save you money. Among the Juvenile Books he sells, are: "Little Sweethearts," "Snow and Sunshine," "Royal Entertainments" and "Poetry and Art."

W. R. LEHMAN, Chelsea.



Prof. Wingren's

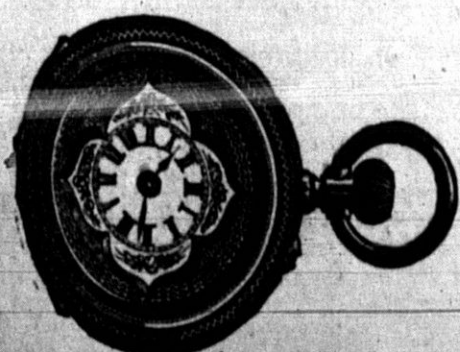
Electric Insoles.

NO MORE COLD FEET.

The cheapest cure ever offered in the world. Invaluable for Feter or Sweaty Feet. Keep your feet warm and your head cool, and you will receive but few doctor's bills. You can have no idea how comfortable, convenient and serviceable the Electric Insoles are until you have tried a pair yourself. Ladies' and gentlemen's sizes.

FOR SALE BY

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.



Watches, Clocks, Chains and Charms, Gold Spectacles, and other fancy and common styles of Eye Glasses, also Razors, Shears, Scissors and Pocket Knives.

Cigars & Tobaccos.

In connection with my jewelry stock I have put in a

Choice Line of Cigars Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

Give me a call
FRED KANTLEHER.

October Crop Report.

The wheat crop of Michigan this year as indicated by reports at hand is 23,890,693 bushels. This total is obtained by multiplying the number of acres in wheat in each county, by the average yield per acre in the same county and adding the products. The acreage is taken from the Farm Statistics as returned by supervisors last spring, and the average per acre from records kept by threshers, supplemented by a special canvass by correspondents.

The total area in wheat as shown by the Farm Statistics was 1,578,252 acres. The number of acres in the southern counties was 1,297,158, in the central 233,893, and in the northern 46,911. Of the total area the records of threshings include more than 168,000 acres.

The average yield in the southern counties is returned at 15.36 bushels; in the central counties at 13.99 bushels; and in the northern counties at 10.40 bushels, and in the State at 15.01 bushels.

Wheat is of good quality and full weight.

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers in September is 2,277,635. Of this amount 626,623 bushels were marketed in the first or southern tier of counties; 512,276 bushels in the second tier; 390,466 bushels in the third tier; 541,096 bushels in the fourth tier; 170,045 bushels in the fifth and sixth tiers, and 37,129 bushels in the northern counties. At 35 elevators and mills from which reports have been received there was no wheat marketed during the month.

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in the two months, August-September, is 3,526,504, which is 474,332 bushels more than reported marketed in the same two months last year.

The average yield of oats as shown by threshers' records, is as follows: Southern counties, 27.57 bushels; central counties, 22.93 bushels; northern counties, 24.14 bushels; State, 26.96 bushels.

Corn is estimated to yield in the State 48 bushels of ears per acre. The estimate for the southern counties is 44 bushels; central 56; and northern 58.

Potatoes are estimated to yield 56 per cent of an average crop. The figures for the sections are, southern, 52; central, 61; northern, 67.

Winter apples are estimated to yield one-eighth of a crop in the southern counties, and 22 per cent of an average in the central counties and the State. The figures for the northern counties are 58.

The mean temperature of the State for the month of September, 58.9 degrees, was 1.9 degrees below the normal. It was below the normal in all sections of the State except the southern two tiers of counties where it was just normal. The greatest average deficiency, 2.4 degrees was in the northern counties of the lower peninsula. The mean temperature of each section was as follows: Upper Peninsula, 54.3 degrees; northern counties, 56.3 degrees; central counties as designated in the meteorological tables, 59.4 degrees, and in the southern two tiers of counties, 61.9 degrees. The mean daily temperature of the State was below the normal on seventeen days. The highest mean daily temperature in the southern two tiers of counties was 76 degrees on the 14th, and the lowest 44 degrees on the 29th.

The drought, noted in the September report as having prevailed in the State since the 23d of June, was not broken in the southern and central sections of the State, until September 12 and 13. On these two days there fell 0.29 of an inch of rain in the central counties, and 1 inch in the southern counties. The southern counties are here understood to include only the southern two tiers of counties, and the central counties the 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th tiers according to the divisions in the meteorological tables. After the 13th a number of light showers occurred in these sections, but no heavy soaking rain. The average rainfall in the southern counties in September was 2.46 inches, a deficiency of 0.56 of an inch. The average in the central counties was 2.04 inches, a deficiency of 0.79 of an inch.

About one-fifth of an inch of rain fell in the northern counties and the upper peninsula on September 1. The average rain fall for the month in the former section was 2.92 inches, a deficiency of 0.46 of an inch, and the average in the upper peninsula was 2.02 inches, a deficiency of 1.04 inches.

The dry weather has greatly damaged corn and potatoes, delayed wheat sowing, and reduced the wheat acreage.

JOHN W. JOCHIM, Sec. of State.

Best Food For Wintering Bees.

A Michigan apiarist tells in The Country Gentleman that there is no better food for wintering bees than pure cane sugar. Granulated is probably the cheapest, as it is the driest. It is also almost certain to be pure. A certain number of pounds of water may be brought to a boil, then twice the number of pounds of sugar gradually stirred in and the syrup again brought to a boil, when it will be ready to use as soon as cool enough. If there is any trouble from the granulation of the sirup in the feeders or there is fear that it may crystallize in the combs, a little (say one-fifth) of honey may be added.

Of course some sort of a feeder is needed but it matters little what it is so long as it allows the bees to reach the food and excludes outside bees. A tin pan set in the upper story and a cloth laid in the pan to keep the bees from drowning as they sip the feed will answer every purpose.

What They Were There For.

During the year preceding September 8, 1893, there were confined in the county jail, 368 persons, of whom 168 have been confined during the past six months and 200 during the first six months. The number of females thus in the jail during the year has been 11, of whom 2 were charged with drunkenness; 2, larceny; 2, truants; 2, keeping houses of ill fame; 1, receiving stolen goods; 1, jumping board bill; and 1 insane. The men were charged with the following offenses: Drunk, 190; larceny, 50; assault, 20; vagrancy, 41; begging, 4; violation of city ordinance, 6; boarding train, 6; bastardy, 3; gambling, 4; receiving stolen goods, 1; disorderly, 18; jumping board bill, 1; insane, 3; burglary, 3; false pretenses, 2; truancy, 1; rape, 3; non-support, 1; murder, 1; arson, 1; destroying property, 1.—Ann Arbor Argus.

Auction.

Having decided to quit farming for a short time I will sell at Public Auction on the premises known as the "P. W. Watts farm," on the west bank of North Lake, on Tuesday, October 31, 1893, at 1 o'clock p. m., the following personal property, to-wit: 3 horses, 1 12-year-old gelding, 1 colt 3 years old, 1 fine road mare four years old, 5 head cattle, 1 cow coming in next spring, 1 heifer coming next spring, 1 fat cow, 1 calf, 1 cow coming in soon, 75 sheep, 40 ewes, 35 lambs and yearlings, 1 fine w.-l. buck, 11 hogs, 1 fine Poland China breeding sow, 11 fine shoats, 100 chickens, 15 turkeys, 400 bushel corn, 150 bushel oats, 20 bushel potatoes, 2 stacks marsh hay, 1 stack bean fodder, 4 stacks corn stalks, 2000 feet of hard wood lumber.

C. W. WATTS.

GEO. E. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

Defining a Newspaper.

It is a library. It is an encyclopedia, a poem, a history, a dictionary, a time table, a romance, a guide, a political resume, a ground plan of the civilized world, a low priced *multum in parvo*. It is a sermon, a song, a circus; an obituary, a shipwreck, a symphony in cold lead; a medley of life and death, and a grand aggregation of man's glory and his shame. It is, in fact, a bird's-eye view of all the magnanimity and meanness, the joys and sorrows, births and deaths, the pride and poverty of the world—all for a few cents.—Bill Nye.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Oct. 23, 1893.

John Williams.

Wood.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

WM. JUDSON, P. M.

Deserving Praise.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Glazier & Co., Druggists.

DOES YOUR LIVER OFFEND YOU?

If it does, cast it out, or better still, go to the Bank Drug Store and invest in some

Pure Unadulterated Drugs

Which they are celebrated for keeping. Also remember

All Patent Medicines
1-4 Off.

Does your grocery bill ever make you feel uncomfortable, possibly this is the trouble instead of your liver.

We have a positive remedy for that complaint, we sell you first-class goods at prices that will work

Radical

Cure,

And guarantee to save you 20% and more into the bargain.

See price-list on last page.

F. P. GLAZIER & CO.

Chelsea Savings Bank

Chelsea, Michigan.

Capital Paid In \$60,000.00.

Extends to its customers every facility in banking and solicits your patronage.

HON. S. G. IVES, President.
THOS. S. SEARS, Vice-President.
GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.
THEO. E. WOOD, 1st Asst. Cashier.
ERNEST WALSH, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Hon. S. G. Ives
Thos. S. Sears
J. L. Babcock
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Wm. J. Knapp
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FARMS

«FOR» SALE!

Do you want to buy a Good Farm at a Low Price, and on easy terms?

I have three nice farms, and can and will give you a Grand Bargain, as I want to sell them.

Come and see me if you have any idea of buying a farm. It will pay you.

GEO. P. GLAZIER.

Chelsea, Michigan.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL

In the senate on the 16th a bill was introduced to provide for the control of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific railroads until the debts due and to fall due to the government are fully paid up and secured. The silver purchase bill was further discussed. In the house the bill to amend the Chinese exclusion act was discussed and finally passed by a vote of 167 to 9. In the senate on the 17th no business of importance was transacted beyond a lively discussion of the silver purchase repeal bill. In the house the bill removing the necessity for affirmative proof of loyalty of pensioners of wars previous to the civil war was called, discussed and passed. The bill to prevent officers and directors of national banks from borrowing from their banks without written permission of a majority of the directors was also passed. In the senate on the 18th the discussion was renewed on the question that occupied the attention of the body the day previous—that of the amendment of the journal. In the house a bill was passed amending the statutes relating to the fees of United States marshals, clerks and commissioners. The New York bridge bill was then taken up and passed. In the senate on the 19th no business of importance was transacted beyond a spirited discussion of the silver purchase repeal bill. In the house a resolution was adopted making the bankruptcy bill a special order for next week. The remainder of the session was devoted to services in memory of the late Representative Mutchler, of Pennsylvania. The senate on the 20th devoted four hours and a half to executive business, confirming the appointment of J. J. Van Allen as ambassador to Italy, and also the appointment of Mr. Kilbreth as collector of customs at New York. During the brief period that the doors were open a few unimportant events occurred. In the house the attorney general transmitted information relating to the Union Pacific railroad. A joint resolution was passed to remit half the duty on goods exhibited and sold at the world's fair.

DOMESTIC.

While a party of men was searching for bodies from the wrecked steamer Dean Richmond at Dunkirk, N. Y., their boat capsized and George I. Thuber, Frank Cahoon and George Mann were drowned.

The national bank at Hutchinson, Kan., closed its doors, with assets reported at \$270,000 and liabilities to depositors \$135,000.

The First national bank of Ouray, Col., which suspended about two months ago, has resumed business.

Two negroes were taken from jail at Summerville, Ga., by an armed mob and lynched. They were accused of killing Constable James Hill.

A damage of \$3,500,000 was inflicted in New York by a blaze which destroyed a wall paper factory and several blocks of tenements. Four persons were said to be missing.

The American Bankers association convened in nineteenth annual session at Chicago and were addressed by Comptroller of the Currency James H. Eckels.

Mrs. Charles Ham, a well-known hotel man of Bloomington, Ill., fell from the fifth story of a hotel at Omaha, Neb., and was instantly killed.

Settlers from the Cherokee strip are crowding into the towns hungry, cold and penniless, and the outlook for the winter was said to be discouraging.

Col. James L. McGee, a wealthy citizen of Jefferson county, Ark., was shot to death by Dr. Scott, a lawsuit causing bad blood.

One of the spans of the new bridge at Eldon, Ia., fell, killing one man and dangerously injuring nine others, several of whom may die.

John Sternblock and his son and daughter, of Hampden, O., world's fair guests at Chicago, blew out the gas upon retiring for the night and were asphyxiated.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of Cardinal Gibbons' elevation to the bishopric was celebrated at Baltimore with imposing ceremonies.

On discovering that she had paid \$13,000 for brass filings instead of gold dust Mrs. Elizabeth Fries, of New York, fell dead.

At Nashville, Tenn., Directum trotted a heat in the free-for-all in 2:05 1/4, surpassing all previous race records.

In Victoria and Fort Bend counties, Tex., thousands of acres of grass were burned over and the vast herds of cattle would have to be shipped to the Indian territory for winter pasturage.

The National Woman's Christian Temperance union convened in twentieth annual session in Chicago, Lady Henry Somerset reading the annual address of President Frances Willard, who was unable to be present.

It was reported that two more vessels were lost in the recent storm on the lakes, and that nineteen persons had perished.

While attempting to eject a gang of tramps from a box car near Mound Valley, Kan., Brakenheim Welch and Deegan were fatally shot by a member of the gang.

By an explosion in a dye house five persons were killed and a number of pedestrians knocked down and injured at Tacoma, Wash.

Invitations have been sent out to the number of 10,000 to the mayors of the different American cities inviting them and the people whom they serve to attend the world's fair on October 28, the day to be known as "the reunion of American cities." It is expected that 1,000,000 will attend the fair that day.

By a collision between two freight trains on a bridge over the Delaware at Yardley and Trenton Junction, N. J., five tramps were killed.

Three New York park policemen were asphyxiated while asleep by gas in a cottage adjoining Central park, New York city, and it was said that a fourth one could not recover.

A DENVER (Col.) dispatch was to the effect that Dr. Graves, the famous poisoner, who was supposed to have committed suicide in jail, was not dead. It was maintained that a pine log occupied the coffin instead of a body.

Two LABORERS were killed and several severely injured by the caving in of a trench they were digging at Homestead, Pa.

M. M. WHITE, president of the Fourth national bank of Cincinnati, was elected president of the American Bankers' association in session at Chicago.

A MONUMENT was unveiled at Trenton, N. J., in honor of the victory of Washington over the British in 1776. Six governors from as many states took part in the ceremonies.

Three workmen lost their lives by the collapse of a building at Hopkinsville, Ky., undergoing repairs.

MAYOR BOODY, of Brooklyn, has decided that the Corbett-Mitchell prize fight shall not take place at Coney Island.

C. W. WELLS, Saginaw (Mich.) capitalist, was drowned from a canoe while hunting near Duluth, Minn.

FIERCE prairie fires were raging in the vicinity of Faulk county, S. D., and it was said that many farm houses had been destroyed.

WILLIAM PETTIT, the Indiana minister convicted of poisoning his wife, has been granted a new trial by the supreme court.

MAY MARSHALL paced a mile in 2:08 1/4 at Nashville, Tenn., which was a new record for pacing mares.

JAMES HARSHMAN was killed and Gus Mills was fatally hurt in a runaway accident near Huntington, Ind.

It was said that 1,000 families of Louisiana were arranging to establish a great colony in the state of Colorado. Many children were badly hurt in a Washington (D. C.) school panic by some person starting the cry of fire.

PATRICK KANALEY died at a Syracuse (N. Y.) hospital, being choked to death by a sponge which he sucked into his windpipe during an operation.

AN east-bound special train from Chicago collided with the Pacific Express going west in the yards of the Chicago & Grand Trunk railway near Battle Creek, Mich., and twenty persons were killed and burned and two score injured, many of whom will die. After the accident happened the cars took fire and the imprisoned passengers were burned with the wreckage, while scores of people stood about unable to lend any assistance. Most of the bodies recovered were formless cinders. Four cars were burned up and the two engines badly wrecked.

THE Bank of Silverton at Silverton, Col., which closed its doors July last, has resumed business.

Mrs. Charles Smith shot and instantly killed Oscar Walton at Walton, Ind., as the result of a dispute over the possession of property.

At the session of the National Women's Christian Temperance union in session at Chicago, Miss Frances E. Willard was reelected president.

WILLIAM MAENGGL, a carpenter at St. Paul, Minn., brutally murdered his wife after she had retired for the night by shooting her. The murdered woman was the mother of sixteen children.

GENERAL SCHOFIELD, in his annual report to the secretary of war, recommended a reduction of the term of enlistment to three years.

HENRY STARR, the notorious outlaw, has been found guilty of murder by a jury at Fort Smith, Ark., and sentenced to be hanged.

The grand jury of Baxter county, Ark., returned indictments against sixty men for swearing, there being a law against profanity in that state.

For the murder of his wife Nathaniel R. Thompson was hanged in the jail at De Smet, S. D.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 20th aggregated \$934,566,636, against \$903,810,397 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1892, was 32.0.

WILLIAM B. HATHAWAY committed suicide at Cincinnati because he could not get work. He had been disinherited by his father, a retired millionaire of Meriden, Conn.

BUSINESS failures to the number of 346 occurred in the United States in the seven days ended on the 20th. During the week previous the failures numbered 323, against 210 in the corresponding time in 1892.

In a wreck on the Reading railroad near Trenton, N. J., three passengers were killed and five injured.

HAMLIN'S Nightingale, driven at Nashville by Geers, lowered the three-mile trotting record from 7:21 1/4 to 6:25 1/4.

THREE masked men bound, gagged and tortured Mrs. McMichael, a lone widow near South Bend, Ind., and robbed her of \$120.

JAPAN secured 365 of the awards made to world's fair exhibitors of elegant silk fabrics.

WILLIAM B. EVANS and C. A. Hanks, formerly cashier and assistant cashier respectively of the Seven Corners bank at St. Paul, Minn., have been arrested for embezzling \$103,000.

By vote the Western Traffic association decided to cancel world's fair rates at midnight October 31.

PATRICK BURK, a farmer living near Sterling, Ill., was found dead in a corn field, and it was supposed that he had been murdered by tramps.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

JAMES H. STONE was nominated for congress by the republicans of the First Michigan district to succeed Logan J. Chipman, deceased.

JULIA C. CONKLING, the widow of Roscoe Conkling, former senator from New York, died at her home in Utica, aged 60 years.

LUCY STONE, the well-known temperance advocate and woman suffragist, died at Dorchester, Mass., aged 75 years.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND, in declining an invitation to visit Trenton, N. J., said that he would not leave Washington for any purpose whatever until the important questions which are before congress are disposed of.

GEN. DENIS F. BURKE, who commanded an Irish regiment in the rebellion, died at his home in New York city.

REV. DR. PHILIP SCHAFF, an authority on exegesis and church history, died at his home in New York.

FOREIGN.

CHARLES F. GOUNOD, the composer of "Faust," was stricken with apoplexy at Paris. As he is 75 years old his death was expected.

THREE ferryboats were wrecked and 100 lives were lost by a typhoon on the Yellow river in China.

GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS, the czarowitz of Russia, has been betrothed to Princess Victoria, daughter of the prince of Wales.

FIELD MARSHAL MAURICE DE MACMAHON, duke of Magenta, ex-president of the French republic and one of the most renowned soldiers of France, died in Paris, the immediate cause of death being la grippe. He was aged 86 years.

Six men were literally blown to atoms by the explosion of a powder mill at the Servian village of Kragujevatz.

THE URANO, one of the vessel in the fleet of the Brazilian rebels, was sunk by the forts at Rio, and many lives were lost.

In the cricket match at Toronto between Australian and Canadian teams the former won easily.

CHARLES F. GOUNOD, the eminent French composer, died at Paris, aged 75 years.

THE boiler of the steamship Volga, plying on the river Volga, Russia, exploded at Kasloffka, killing eight of the crew.

THE great Chinese cotton mill at Shanghai was totally destroyed by fire, the loss being \$5,000,000.

JOHN THOMAS CHAPPELL, builder and contractor at London, England, has failed with liabilities amounting to £220,000.

THE new Cunard steamship Lueania broke all previous records in steamship travel, the passage from New York to Queenstown occupying only 5 days 13 hours and 40 minutes.

LATER.

In the United States senate on the 21st Senator Peffer (Kan.) occupied the time in a speech against the silver repeal bill. In the house bills were introduced to provide for an international maritime conference to formulate regulations better to protect and care for animals in transit on ocean vessels, and to increase the penalty for embezzlement by directors and officers of national banks.

DURING the week ended on the 21st the paid admissions to the world's fair numbered 1,722,514, making the total paid attendance since the opening day 19,681,307.

A MOVEMENT is in progress looking to the uniting of all labor orders and unions under a central authority.

At Sioux Falls, S. D., Harry Lacey shot and instantly killed his wife and mother-in-law, Mrs. Lidia Bunker, and then shot himself through the head. Domestic trouble was the cause.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad company has secured control of the Cleveland & Marietta railroad of Ohio.

JOHN GAMBLE (colored) was lynched by a mob near Pikeville, Tenn., for the murder of Miss Rosa Boring, a white girl.

A FOREST fire in the Des Moines (Ia.) valley burned the timber on over 1,000 acres of land, and also destroyed many grain stacks and barns.

NED JENKINS (colored) was lynched by a mob in Claybourne county, Ga., for poisoning William Burke's family.

The firm of Frankenthal, Freudenthal & Co., wholesalers of clothing and furnishing goods in Chicago, failed for \$350,000; assets, \$250,000.

SEVEN persons were implicated in the murder of the Wratten family, six in number, near Washington, Ind., on the night of September 18 last. James Stone has confessed.

THE Rio Grande do Sul rebels defeated the loyalists in a fiercely fought battle at Abucy and 1,000 persons were killed.

EMPLOYEES of the Indiana Midland railway who struck because of non-payment of wages spiked switches, burned bridges and tool houses and tore up many miles of track.

STRATTON & WHITE, electrical and general implement dealers at Fort Worth, Tex., failed for \$400,000.

The report of the sixth auditor of the treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30 last shows that the net revenues of the post office department for the year were \$77,084,933, and that the expenditures were \$81,084,104, making a deficit of \$5,178,381.

TALK OF FINANCE.

The American Bankers' Association Meets in Chicago.

Papers on Many Interesting and Important Topics Read—The Delegates Listen to Advice from Comptroller Eckels.

A BIG ATTENDANCE.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—Between 200 and 300 of the best-known bankers in the country, representing nearly every city in the United States, gathered in Hall 8 in the Art palace Wednesday. The occasion of this notable gathering was the nineteenth annual convention of the American Bankers' association.

President Rhawn called the meeting to order at 10 o'clock. Rev. Hiram Thomas offered an invocation, and then President Rhawn introduced Mayor Harrison.

President Rhawn briefly responded to the mayor's address of welcome and then read the report of the executive council. This paper was largely statistical and set out considerable figures and information of importance.

The report congratulates the delegates present upon the success with which the anxieties and sufferings of the recent monetary stringency had been met, and the pleasant prospect now before them. Referring to the cause of the stringency the report declares that it was directly due to the silver purchase clauses of the Bland-Allison and Sherman acts. The action of these provisions, it was said, destroyed confidence in Europe in the stability of our currency, stopped the flow of money into the United States, led to withdrawal of a large portion of foreign capital invested here, caused a lack of confidence among the population generally, induced the hoarding of gold and currency and thus caused a crippling of the industrial world.

The report declared that state bank note issues for money are neither safe nor desirable. It was suggested as a plan of relief the legalization of the suspension of payments in currency by solvent banks during a note stringency or crisis and the authorization of payments through clearing houses and other like transfers of bank credits, and the repeal of the purchase clause of the Sherman silver act for which petitions should be circulated among all business classes for signature. The report contained a warm commendation of President Cleveland for his attitude on the silver question.

When routine matters had been disposed of Hon. James H. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, appeared to make one of the principal addresses of the morning. Comptroller Eckels spoke in part as follows:

"It is no exaggeration to say that the happenings of the months past, from May to September, must be accounted the most remarkable in every phase of financial bearing ever experienced by the American people. Heretofore in our financial distresses the test of solvency has always been applied to store and factory, to great industrial enterprises and railway corporations, but within the period of these months an afflicted people, fearful of the resultant effects of a financial system vitiated by ill-considered and ill-considered legislation, became for the first time doubtful of the distinctively financial institutions of the country. The banks, and as a consequence a steady drain upon deposits was begun until within the period of two months, from May 4 to July 12, from national banks alone had been drawn out more than \$193,000,000.

"To day so greatly has the situation changed that, having in mind the past, both in the severity of the strain undergone and the long continuance of it, it would be in the light of present conditions both unfair and unjust to deny that the bankers of this country have exhibited masterful skill in coping with a situation rendered complex beyond anything heretofore known.

"But while boasting of this new evidence of the ability of our people to withstand the severest of financial ailments, it will not do to count too much upon the progress made toward recovery and the recuperative powers shown. Complete return to financial health cannot be had so long as the first great cause which covered all the land with doubt and uncertainty and filled the people's minds with fear as to the stability of our financial institutions yet remains to plague the lines of business. Until our currency takes on a uniformity and elasticity that now are wholly lacking and our people are rid of the pernicious doctrine that money which is cheap and plenty is a blessing and a source of wealth instead of a curse and the cause of financial panic and ultimate poverty, we cannot but expect at stated periods a recurrence of conditions such as have and do still threaten us.

"The bankers of the country ought to gather some lessons from it all. I am sure some were not as strong to withstand the drafts made upon them as they would have been had they kept in mind in times of great prosperity the necessity of so banking as to be prepared for times of financial stringency. Competition for business is carried to the danger point by many and the desire to secure a large business has led to the taking of risks not consistent with prudent methods. Not less a source of weakness has been the fact that too large an extent has been carried the paper of these engaged in purely speculative enterprises, the value of which is at great depression is worthless, and when to this is coupled the further fact that there is too little tendency on the part of banks to distribute their loans and too great desire to place them with large corporations, the reason is not wanting for many suspensions and not a few failures.

George S. Coe, president of the American exchange bank, of New York, was introduced by the chairman as one of the fathers of the association. Mr. Coe prefaced his remarks by reading a set of resolutions for the creation of special committees composed of one member from each state and one from the District of Columbia to effect the organization of a national monetary commission to represent the diverse interests of the people whose aim will be the adoption of a sound currency and banking system. These resolutions were adopted unanimously.



Hood's Praises Itself

Kidney Troubles—Bright's Disease Cured

"I do think Hood's Sarsaparilla is 'worth its weight in gold.' For four years I suffered misery with terrible pains in my back and trouble with my kidneys. The doctors thought I had Bright's disease. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I soon found that it was helping me although I had been told nothing would help me and thought I would have to die. But I continued to improve till I am now in perfect health and have as good a back as any man in town. Today I can do a good day's work, and truly feel that Hood's Sarsaparilla was a God-send to me." JOHN SAXTON, Scottsdale, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Health and have as good a back as any man in town. Today I can do a good day's work, and truly feel that Hood's Sarsaparilla was a God-send to me." JOHN SAXTON, Scottsdale, Pa.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS.,

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Read the Label. Send for Book.

DR. KILMER'S

SWAMP-ROOT CURED ME.

SUFFERED EIGHT YEARS! Couldn't Eat or Sleep.

Dyspepsia and Heart Trouble.

Dr. Kilmer & Co.—"I had been troubled for eight years with stomach and heart difficulties. I lived mostly on milk, as every thing I ate hurt me so. My kidneys and liver were in a terrible state. Could neither sleep or eat. I had been treated by the best Chicago doctors without any benefit whatever. As a last resort I tried your SWAMP-ROOT, and now I can eat anything, no matter what. Nothing hurts me, and can go to bed and get a good night's sleep."

Swamp-Root Cured Me.

Any one doubting this statement can write. I will gladly answer." Mrs. Germain Miller, Dec. 20th, 1892.

At Druggists 50 cents and \$1.00 size. Invalids' Guide to Health "free—Consultation free. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's PARILLA LIVER PILLS Are the Best 42 Pills, 25 cents, — All Druggists.

SALVATION OIL

TRADE MARK KILLS ALL PAIN 25 CENTS A BOTTLE

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure your cough for 25c.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED From 15 to 50 lbs. in a month. Harmless treatment by prescription. No starving. Thousands cured. Send 6c in stamps for O. W. F. NUTTELL, M. D., Mail Dept. 31, McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill.

TRADE MARK S.S.S. MARK

In 1896, my son, suffered very much from cancer of the mouth. By advice of physicians, an operation was performed, extending from the jaw bone, which they scraped out, but the cancer grew rapidly. Finally, many remedies in vain, I commenced to give him the S.S.S. after seven bottles had been taken the cancer disappeared, and he is now perfectly cured. I have been very much benefited by S.S.S. and I reason to believe that he is permanently cured. His cure is due exclusively to S.S.S. J. R. MURDOCK, Huntsville, Ala.

Removes CANCER

Trade on Blood and Skin Diseases Mailed Free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author; not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and places to have the letters and figures plain and distinct. Proper names are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

A HAPPY MAN.

We know a truly happy man
And of him we must tell;
His laughter sounds as pleasant
As a boarder's dinner bell.
He never says an angry word,
He always wears a smile
And everybody loves him
For the goodness of his style.
He's always brave and cheerful
And is never looking blue,
He doesn't growl and grumble
Like some other people do.
He doesn't try to run the world
Upon a better plan,
He takes things as he finds 'em
As a happy person can.
Although he isn't wealthy,
He don't worry for a cent;
In poverty or riches
He is equally content;
He looks you squarely in the eyes
And firmly grasps your hand—
And any act of meanness
He can never understand.
He's never heard complaining,
And is "nervous" not at all;
He's always glad to see you,
And you like to have him call;
The birds are ever singing
In his heart forever light.
And peaceful are his slumbers
When he lays him down o' night.
In business he's successful,
For he's always making friends;
His home it is the sweetest,
And his comfort never ends.
His wife can't help but love him,
And his children do the same,
His neighbors all respect him
And are proud to spread his fame.
The reason of his happiness
(Which anyone can share)
We think it right to mention
For the sake of being fair;
This simple man is happier
Than any kings or queens
Because he has the courage
To live within his means.
—H. C. Dodge, in Goodall's Sun.

TRYING THE "ROSE ACT."

But Josiah Allen's Wife Found It Wouldn't Work.

It wuz a calm, fair morn. The sun streamed meller and golden into the buttery winder where I wuz a-standin' engaged in the avocation that had occupied my mind and my arms for the last three hours. In fact, my avocation had been so arjous and continuous that they ached hard all three on 'em. My mind and my two arms. As I said previous and heretofore, the mornin' wuz a fair one. I had noticed and admired it as I shook my tablecloth off the back stoop. How the hand of nater had been a-pattin' and a-pettin' the trees in the distant woods, and sort o' smoothin' 'em out, as we do children's hair when they have got a hard job in front of 'em and have got to go out in the cold—and she, old Mom Nater, bein' right in the midst of her fall colorin', and her hands all full of the gorgeous dye-stuff, she had left the marks of her finger tips on the green verdure and they shone with red and yellor streaks. (Metaphor.)
And beyond the woods there wuz a meller haze a-hangin', as if Mom Nater, same as wimmen will when they are hard to work with their fall cleanin', had dropped a curtain of luminous blue mist between us and the far-off horizon, and no knowin' what she wuz a-doin' behind that screen, a-paintin' the hilltops most likely. The air wuz as soft and balmy as if it blowed off a bed of balm. And I s'pose mebbey it wuz the fine atmosphere which made Josiah Allen in such wonderful good spirits that mornin'. It wuz rare and invigorating, like fragrant old wine, and I s'pose he had dranked it in and it had stimulated him.
Anyway he had acted real presumptuous and highlarious all the mornin', and inclined to be high-headed. I had noticed it to the breakfast table and afterward.
I myself, as I said prior and heretofore, had been to work so hard that I could not enjoy the rich beauty of the day-only by cursory glimpses—from the buttery winder and over the top of the shaking tablecloth. I had been engaged in the hard and toilsome occupation of churnin'. It wuz a big one and the cream wuz thick, the dasher, a revolv'in' one, wuz hard indeed to move, and to keep on a-movin' it for over two hours by the clock had called for a outlay for all my strength and all my patience and Christian fortitude. Josiah would have helped me churn, he said he would have been glad to have done it all himself, but unfortunately, the old harness wuz broke and he had to be out in the barn a'most all the mornin' a mendin' it and a-soften' its rough sides with a coatin' of lard and lampblack. It is a dreadful curious coincidence, but it most always happens so that old harness always breaks down churnin' day, and, of course, he couldn't drive with a martingill broke into, or a tug that wuzn't all right.
No; it always happened bad and Josiah always felt like death about it, and I s'pose always will. For I s'pose it is jest his luck, and mine that the old harness will keep breakin' down churnin' day, and I'll have to do it alone. And this day it wuz sunthin' extra important that it should be done on time, and done well.
Josiah had promised to carry the butter to Jonesville, that day to meet the buyer from Loontown, and that buyer had promised him as much as three and

a half cents a pound in advance of the common price, on account of the extreme worth of my butter. Yes; my butter is sought after, although I am fur from bein' the one to say it myself, or even to hint at it. Yet it is a great truth, well known all over Jonesville, and as fur out as Loontown and Zoar, that I make good, uncommon good butter.
Wall, I had got the butter all churned, and I s'pose Josiah had heard, out to the barn, that the dasher had ceased its heavy motion, and I s'pose he had got through with the harness at the same time, for he come in jest as I wuz a-workin' it over and a-sprinklin' the salt down into its sweet golden depths in the white butter bowl. And he come in and sot down in the kitchen jest as high-spirited and darin' as he wuz when he went out and more too.
Wall, while I was a-workin' in the salt with my wooden ladle, Josiah took a old paper that I had brung down from the attic that mornin' to put onto my buttery shelves, and ever and anon he would read out a paragraph to me, as is the way, I s'pose, of all male companions in their good-natured hours of ease. And, all at once, he cried out in glad, joyous axents, as if unbeknown to himself:
"Here, Samantha, is sunthin' that is worth readin'. Here is eloquence and hard horse sense. I feel that I love the man that wrote that—I love him dearly."
"What is it?" sez I, speakin' out of the buttery.
Sez he: "It is what a lot of big men say about wimmen, but this one beats all." Sez he: "Just listen to it."
So I straightened up my weary frame, to rest my aching back, and leaned my tired-out arms against the side of the big butter bowl and listened.
"If I were a woman I would not do anything important. I would emulate the rose and its wisdom. I would charm and be silent."
"If I were a woman I would be just a woman and nothing more, for therein lies woman's greatest charm. Man was made to work for woman, woman to charm him in his hours of ease."
Sez Josiah, in loud, triumphant axents: "Do you hear that, Samantha? Do you hear that?"
"Yes," sez I, "I read them effusions when they first come out: it wuz when you wuz down to Uncle Ellick's."
Sez Josiah, in melancholy axents: "That is why I missed seein' it. But why didn't you tell me about it, Samantha? I feel I have lost two years of happiness in not knowin' such a piece wuz wrote." And he went on, warmly: "Oh, how I love them three men—I love them like brothers!"
I wuz still demute, a-leanin' on the heavy bowl, a-restin' my worn-out frame and a-contemplatin' the fact that I had to pack the butter into the tub after it wuz lugged up out of the sullen.
Ag'in he sez: "What do you think of that noble piece, Samantha?"
Sez I: "There is some truth in most arguments, Josiah Allen; if there hain't a grain of salt in 'em how can they be kep' for any length of time. But," sez I, "these men go too fur in their idees; they hain't mejum enough."
"Yes, they be," sez he, "they are jest exactly right, and they know it and I know it and every livin' man knows it. Oh!" sez he warmly, "them men put men and wimmen in their own different spears and keep 'em there so beautifully. If you would foller up them idees, Samantha Allen, I would be the happiest man in Jonesville or the world."
"Well," sez I, in reasonable axents, "I would be willin' to charm you, Josiah Allen, but I don't see how I could allure and do housework at the same time."
And then we had some words.
And I sez fuder: "Even if I wuz to do the 'rose act,' when I have a big churnin' of butter to do I don't see how it would affect you, for your old harness always breaks down churnin' day."
"What on't?" sez he, short as piecrust. "What if it duz?"
He didn't relish the charge. But it wuz true, jest as true as Matthew, or Mark, or the book of Acts. I see he wuz mad, and with my usual tact I changed the subject round.
Sez I: "This butter has got to be put down, and I would like to have you bring up the tub from the sullen and have you help pack it. It is hard work for a woman's arms, when they are a'most broke off a'ready."
"Wall," sez he, short and terse, "if I go to Jonesville that democrat has got to be greased."
And he ketch'd up his oasin of wagon-grease, from the sullen-way, and started off almost on the run.
And, if you'll believe it, that man slammed the door behind him. And whether it wuz that slam, or whether it wuz his refusal to bring up that tub, or whether it wuz I wuz so tired out, or whether it wuz that piece he had read whether it wuz that piece he had read wuz a-gratin' on my nerve unbeknown to me—whether it wuz any of these or all on 'em put together, I don't know—but tenny rate, before the echo of that slam had died away in the spare room and parlor, I jest dropped that butter ladle down, sot the bowl on the buttery shelf and, sez I to myself, in the inside of my own mind, but firm and positive:
"I'll take you at your word, Josiah Allen. I will do the 'rose act' as near as I can make out what it is, and you as I can make out what it is, and you may work for me while I allure and charm. I will emulate the rose and be silent."

So I dropped everything—right where it wuz and retired into the parlor and turned all my attention to the job that wuz in front of me.
I turned over in my mind all the pictures I had seen of females trying to allure and charm, and I recollected, as nigh as I could remember, that they had generally been in a settin' poster, so consequently I sot.
I believe, too, it wuz proper for me to sort o' clasp my hands in a easy, graceful attitude and smile some, so consequently I smiled considerable.
I tried to, and I believe I did look winsome. (That wuz what one of the big men had recommended, strong, for wimmen to do.) And so I tried as much as I possibly could to look as winsome as he could desire.
I had, previous to my goin' into the parlor, put on a good clean gingham dress, brown and black plaid, and a white bib apron.
I didn't remember of any of the females I had mentioned appearin' in a bib apron, but, thinks I, a bib, more or less, ain't goin' to make or break a alurer and charmer. So I ventured it. And I leaned back in my most luxurious armed chair, covered with good, handsome copper plate calico, and, as I say, smiled quite a good deal, and looked very allurin' and winnin'.
Thinks I, I don't know exactly how to do the "rose act," without any regular rules. I knew roses blew out, but it couldn't be that men would set that for a sampler for their companions, for they are deadly opposed to their pardners talkin' on duty which they, in their blindness, call "blowin' blowin' round."
No; I knew it wuzn't that. I s'posed it meant to keep still and look pretty. So I tried faithful. I am always very thorough in anything I undertake.
Wall, jest as I got my hands clasped in a very graceful and allurin' attitude, and my lips wreathed in a winsome smile, my pardner entered with his basin of wagon-grease in his hand.
I set where I could see him plain. He glanced into the buttery, and sez he:
"Gracious Heavens! Hain't that butter finished? Nor the tea-kettle on at half-past eleven?"
"What is the matter?" sez he, a-standin' in the doorway and glarin' at me. "What is the matter, Samantha?"
I smiled at him as sweet as I knew how but kep' silent.
Ag'in he yelled: "Why, in the name of the gracious Peter, hain't dinner under way?"
Ag'in I smiled. And ag'in I kep' silence. (The "rose act," jest as nigh as I could foller it.)
And finally he sez, lookin' clost at me:
"What are you a-tryin' to do, anyway?"
Then I come out plain and sez to him, in middlin' calm axents, but firm:
"Josiah Allen, I am a-tryin' to allure and charm."
Sez he: "You are a-bein' a gol-darned fool, that's what you are a-bein'." That wuz the second time he had used that dreadful word "gol darn" since our married life commenced. But I still smiled and murmured, gently and tenderly:
"Sweet pet."
And then Josiah Allen burst out into words that I won't tell, even if I am put on the very pint of the steak.
No, indeed! They wuz words that I wouldn't have them men that wrote that piece—"What I Would Do If I Wuz a Woman"—I wouldn't have them three men hear what one of their own sex said, not for a dollar bill. It would gnaw into their consciences too much. It would wilt 'em right down into the ground to see what consequences had flowed out of their flowery talks and what jest one woman's follerin' their rules had brung down onto both men and wimmen.
I stood up under it, bein' considerable used to it, and also bein' nerved completely up on principle.
And ag'in he yelled, in nearly frenzied axents:
"I shall lose the chance to sell that butter! And I am starved!!! Twenty-four hours since I've eat a mouthful!!!!"
His axents wuz dreadful. Stormy and angry, and voyalant in the extreme. But, like a still, small voice after a tempest, I murmured to him in gentle and winnin' axents:
"Men are made to work for wimmen," and I added, in still tenderer and sweeter tones, and I smiled with one side of my mouth while I said it:
"You'll find the butter smasher in the pantry winder and the chicken to brile in the storeroom."
And then I gin him about three full smiles and sez:
"The mop is a-hangin' up behind the back room door and the stove-brush and blackin' are in the sullen-way, and the lamp-chimney cleaner is a-hangin' up over the kitchen sink."
For so arjous had been my work-a-doin' that immense churnin' that my usual mornin's work wuz neglected and ondone.
"What are you a-goin' to do?" he yelled.
"I am a-goin' to charm you, Josiah. Wimmen are made to charm men. They should do nothin' important. A clean house is important; therefore, I will not clean. Eatin' is important; therefore, I will not cook. I will emulate the rose in its wisdom. I will charm and be silent."
And I leaned back in a still more luxurious attitude in my cushioned chair, and smiled quite a good deal at him.

"Are you a dumb lunatic?" sez he. "Or what duz all you?"
And he put on his glasses and looked closer at me.
But I still sat demute and graceful as I could, and still tried faithful-to-allure and charm him accordin' to the rules laid down by big men and approved by smaller ones.
But anon as I looked, I see a change come over my pardner's face. His angry mean subsided, and a look of intense and questionin' alarm and agony swept over his eyebrow.
And I see him glance at the camphire bottle. And anon he turned silently and reached up the stairway for the soapstun, with his eye on me all the time.
And he sez, in low, appealin' axents: "Don't you want to be rubbed, Samantha? Where is your worst pain? Won't camphire relieve you? Shall I go after Miss Gowdy or the doctor? Don't you want your feet soaked?" sez he, a glancin' toward the tank.
Sez I: "Josiah Allen, I don't want soapstuns or camphire. I want reason and common sense in my companion; that is what I want to relieve me. I have tried jest as faithful as ever a woman did to foller after the rules you read this mornin'. You said you loved the men that wrote 'em, and if I would only foller them rules you would be the happiest man in Jonesville or in the world. I have follered 'em faithful for about twenty minutes, and it has reduced you to the condition of a lunatic. If twenty minutes of it has brung you to this state, what would hours and days of it do, and years. Now it has made you lose morals, tear round, use indecent language, break your word with grocers, and act. Now if you have had enough of my follerin' them rules, say so, and I will stop."
"Oh, dumb the piece, and dumb the fellers that wrote it."
I turned away from him and ag'in broke out in that sweet and winnin' smile, and clasped my hands allurin'ly over by back waist.
He stamped on the floor; he kicked! But I kept firm and smiled onto him, and ag'in I called him "sweet, darlin' pet."
That was the time when he kicked the boot-jack across the floor and jammed the clothes-press door to that extent that one panel has been loose to this day.
But I will draw the curtains on their brass rod over the scene. But suffice it to say that at twelve o'clock (and he said he hadn't had a mouthful to eat in forty-eight hours) he capitulated with no terms.
He said: "Dear Samantha, I have had enough of the 'rose act.' I have had enough of allurin' and charmin', now I want some meat vittles, and I want 'em quick."
So I got right up and got as good a dinner as hands ever got, but quick.
I briled a young, tender fowl, I had already dressed; I smashed up some potatoes with plenty of cream and butter into 'em; I made a orange puddin', quick, but delicious—it would fairly melt in your mouth. And I had some rich yellor coffee that would do your soul good to partake of.
And while I was a-gettin' the dinner, and if you will believe it, such is my tact and my faculties for turnin' off work, I got time to finish that last layer of butter, and immediately after dinner I put a snow-white cloth over it, sprinkled it with salt on top, and Josiah sot off in good season, after all, for Jonesville.
And, at his request, I put on my brown alapacky dress and rode down with him.
And as we went along we visited, very agreeable. He was very affectionate (owin' to that coffee, and partly by his feelin's for me—he worships me).
He said: "That sweet, flowery talk read well, and made men feel kinder generous and comfortable to write it, and men feel dreadful sort o' patronizin' and good natered toward wimmen to read it, but it wouldn't work worth a cent."
"No," sez I. "And I felt like a fool a-settin' there a-tryin' to allure and charm, a-smilin' stiddy, when I knew everythin' wuz at loose ends in the kitchen. I was as happy ag'in when I wuz out a-gettin' your dinner."
Sez I: "I don't know when I am happier than when I am makin' my home a comfortable and agreeable one—a gettin' a good warm supper for you when I know you are a-comin' home tired and cold and hungry at nightfall. When I am a-goin' round, reasonable and calm in a clean kitchen, a-broilin' a plump fowl or cookin' some oysters, and cream biscuit, and coffee or something else good—a settin' the snowy table, and a-keepin' a bright fire a-blazin' on a clean hearth, a-waitin' for the man I love," sez I, in real warm axents, "I am as happy ag'in, and any woman would be as happy ag'in as she would be a-tryin' to do the 'rose act.'"
"Yes," sez he, "that's so, Samantha." And he went right on of his own accord, and owned up to it.
And he added, in the same bland axents, if not blander:
"Samantha, wouldn't some lamb be the best of anything I could get for dinner to-morrow?" And sez I: "Yes, Josiah, I think it would!"—Josiah Allen's Wife, in Ladies' Home Journal.
—Teacher—"Yes, likely signifies a pleasant possibility, and liable an unpleasant one. Now give examples of both." Smart Scholar—"There is likely to be good skating to-morrow, and we are liable to miss it by having to go to school."—Yankee Blade.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Crop Report for 1893.
The crop report for Michigan gives the wheat crop of the state for this year at 23,090,093 bushels, the average yield being 15.01 bushels per acre. Wheat is of good quality and full weight. The average yield of oats was 26.96 bushels per acre. Corn is estimated to yield in the state 48 bushels of ears per acre, and potatoes 56 per cent of an average crop. The estimate for winter apples is 23 per cent of an average crop. The dry weather has greatly damaged corn and potatoes, delayed wheat sowing and reduced the wheat acreage.
Given a Big Sum.
The heaviest verdict for personal damages ever given in Detroit was returned in the Wayne county court against the Michigan Central railroad. It was for \$75,000 in favor of William Lucklin, 7 years old, who had both legs cut off by a Michigan Central train a year ago last April. The boy's foot became caught in a guard rail and before he could extricate himself the train backed down upon him. His parents live in Detroit.
State Board of Health.
From various portions of the state the reports of sixty-nine observers for the week ended October 14 show that influenza and rheumatism increased and cholera morbus and dysentery decreased in area of prevalence. Scarlet fever was reported at forty-three places, measles at three, diphtheria at thirty-five and typhoid fever at sixty-one places.
State Engineers Choose Officers.
The directors of the State Engineering society met in Lansing and canvassed the vote cast by mail for the election of officers for the ensuing year. The result of the election was determined as follows:
President, E. W. Meuncher, Manistee; vice president, George Pierson, Kalamazoo; secretary and treasurer, Frank Hodgman, Climax; directors, J. J. Granville, Saginaw; Dorr Skeels, Grand Rapids; J. B. Davis, Ann Arbor.
Michigan Odd-Fellows.
The grand encampment I. O. O. F. of Michigan, in session at Pontiac, elected and installed the following officers for the ensuing year:
Grand patriarch, John P. Penfield, of Vicksburg; grand high priest, J. Dandy, of Grand Rapids; grand senior warden, Henry Lever, of Newaygo; grand scribe, E. H. Whitney, of Lansing; grand treasurer, Andrew Harshaw, of Alpena; grand junior warden, Frank Shepard, of Cheboygan; grand representative, E. G. Johnson, of Luther.
Lived a Century.
Phineas Stewart, who lives in the eastern part of Howell township, Livingston county, celebrated his 100th birthday. A few days ago, with some of his grandchildren, he went to a fishing spot 12 miles distant and staid three days camping. He has outlived five wives and all his children except one daughter, who is now 55 years old.
Elected Officers.
The state convention of the Young Men's Christian association in session at Battle Creek elected officers as follows:
President, H. C. Vantuyl, Detroit; vice presidents, Dr. M. Rorabacher, Battle Creek; C. A. Stringer, Hancock; F. D. Taylor, Detroit; secretary, J. D. M. Shirts, Grand Rapids; assistant secretary, H. S. Myers, Hillsdale.
Order of the Eastern Star.
The Michigan grand chapter of the Eastern Star convened at Jackson with 137 delegates and grand officers present. The report of the grand worthy patron showed that fifteen new chapters were organized during the past year and that the order is in a flourishing condition.
Short But Newswy Items.
Mrs. Talaga, a Polish woman, died at Bay City from poison administered by a midwife to allay a headache. The poison was a sample headache cure thrown about the doorsteps. She left a newly born babe.
The deer hunting season in Michigan, which opened September 25, will close October 25.
Mrs. O. C. Tompkins, wife of State Accountant Tompkins, died at her home in Lansing and was buried at Coldwater. She left a husband and three sons.
Gov. Rich has named fifty delegates to represent Michigan at the world's fair real estate congress to convene October 23.
Mrs. Daniel Bennett, of Hodunk, died recently. She was one of the pioneers of Branch county, having lived on the farm on which she died for fifty years.
While trying to start the fire in a stove with kerosene oil Mrs. Thomas Mitchell, of Negaunee, was terribly burned, as was also her babe, which was lying near in its cradle.
A man who refused to give his name was knocked down with a brick and robbed of his watch and chain at Muskegon. He was not seriously hurt by the blow.
Men to work in the woods in Montmorency county are very scarce, and very much wanted at present.
Miss Minnie Sharp, a West Bay City school-teacher, undertook to see how long she could hold her breath and ruptured a blood vessel in her lungs. She was under the care of a physician.
Hon. Seth K. Shetterly, one of the oldest residents of Utica, died at the age of 74. He served two terms as representative in the state legislature.
The coal mine in Albee township, owned by Gen. C. S. Brown and James H. McFarlan, has been sold to Henry Colclough, of Milwaukee.

Brightest and Best Oil Heaters, all sizes.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

We are now prepared to show the best line of

COAL & WOOD STOVES

Ever Displayed in Chelsea. Our **JEWEL**

Base Heater for Coal Leads them all and we have Wood Heaters from \$5.00 up.

Also full line of Cook Stoves, Stove-pipe, Stove Boards, Pattern Oil Cloths, all at Popular Prices.

Don't buy a stove until you look at our stock.

HOAG & HOLMES.

A few more sets of Mrs. Potts' Nickel Plated Sad Irons At 99c per Set.

OUR

New Meat Market

IS A STUNNER

Our great success is due to being able to furnish everything **First-Class**, and to fill every order precisely. Our Meats are all of the **Most Delicious Cuts**, and at **Popular Prices**. All kinds of Sausages a Specialty. Try our salt pork and corned beef, none nicer, also dried beef and hams, our make.

EPPLER & BARTH,

MICHIGAN

May be years behind in road Improvements, but

R. A. Snyder

Is not a day behind with his stock of shoes

For Fall.

The Ladies are invited to call and see the greatest bargain in a shoe ever offered in Chelsea, for

\$1.50.

STOVES! STOVES!

Our Stock is Complete, of the Best Makes and at Lowest Prices.

Garlands in Wood and Coal Heaters, also Genuine Round Oak Stoves. All New Patterns, not a coal stove carried over from 1892. New Patterns of Oil Cloths.

W. J. KNAPP.

PEOPLE TALK

They talk about us because we sell Fine Goods Cheap.

WE ACKNOWLEDGE

That we have one of the largest and finest stocks of Jewelry in Chelsea. That is another reason why they talk. These are facts.

L. & A. WINANS.

Repairing neatly and promptly done. When in need of anything in our line give us a call.

BAUMGARDNER'S
Marble & Granite Works.
American and Imported
Granite and Marble.
All Kinds of Building Stone.
CEMETERY WORK
A SPECIALTY.
Estimates Cheerfully Furnished.
All Work Guaranteed.
JOHN BAUMGARDNER,
ANN ARBOR, MICH.
Shop corner of Detroit and Catherine Streets.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE WILL NOT RIP.
Do you wear them? When next in need try a pair. Best in the world.
\$5.00 \$3.00
\$4.00 \$2.50
\$3.50 \$2.00
\$2.50 \$2.00
\$2.25 \$1.75
\$2.00 \$1.75
FOR GENTLEMEN FOR LADIES
If you want a fine DRESS SHOE, made in the latest styles, don't pay \$6 to \$8, try my \$3, \$3.50, \$4.00 or \$5 Shoe. They fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.,
CHelsea, MICHIGAN
Subscribe for the Herald.

Chelsea and Vicinity.
Insurance agents are numerous these days.
St. Paul's German school opens next Monday.
Hickory nuts are said to be a good crop this year.
Wheat is looking good and in nice shape for winter.
P. J. Lehman was in Ann Arbor Monday on business.
Jas. L. Gilbert was in Jackson the first of the week.
Dr. M. Bush, of Jackson, was in town Wednesday.
Matt. Schwikerath was a Jackson visitor last Monday.
Considerable rye is being sown about here this fall.
Michigan State Grange will convene at Lansing Dec. 9th.
W. P. Schenk & Co's., new store is nearly ready to occupy.
Albert Hindelang called on Munith friends one day last week.
Mrs. L. E. Sparks and daughter, May, were Ann Arbor visitors Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. Royal Royce, of Jackson, called on Chelsea relatives this week.
The C. L. S. C. will meet with Mrs. M. G. Hill, Monday evening at 7 o'clock.
Stockbridge farmers are discussing the proposition of organizing a Farmers' Club.
Mrs. Alma Segfried, of Stockbridge, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hudler last Sunday.
Mrs. L. A. Letts was called to Detroit Monday by the illness of her sister, Mrs. S. Pulsipher.
The board of supervisors have elected D. W. Barry, of Northfield, county drain commissioner.
Geo. English and wife, of Gilead, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Wood, of Lima, last week.
Mr. and Mrs. John Watts, of Jackson, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Sparks this week.
Miss Josie McGuire, of Ypsilanti, was the guest of relatives and friends here a few days last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Chandler, of Walpole, N. H., were the guests of their son, Edward, a few days this week.
Mrs. Howard Conk and two sons left Monday morning for Hersey, where they will spend the winter.
Kempf & Bacon have shipped about fifteen carloads of live poultry to New York so far this season.
The board of supervisors have elected Elisha Loomis, of Ypsilanti, county superintendent of the poor.
Dr. E. L. Avery, of Stockbridge, was the guest of his brother, Dr. H. H. Avery, of this village, last Sunday.
Mrs. H. W. Schmidt and son, James, of Washington street, were the guests of friends at Grass Lake last Monday.
In the school report last week A. A. Hall's name appeared in place of F. E. Webster, our present superintendent.
Last Tuesday being Mrs. Peter Young's birthday, a number of Ann Arbor and Chelsea friends tendered her a surprise party.
Married, at the home of the bride's parents, Oct. 25th, 1893, Mr. Jacob Bareis and Miss Anna Schmid. Rev. C. Haag officiated.
Thos. Cassidy has purchased a lot on Madison street and will have a house erected this fall. Matt. Schwikerath has the contract.
Mrs. Frank Pyle and daughter, Miss Mamie, of Wilmington, Del., are being entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Frank McMillan, of Lima.
The Annual Convention of the Michigan Sunday School Union will be held at Hillsdale, Nov. 14, 15, and 16. Two delegates should be appointed from every school of Washtenaw Co.
Every fall persons seem to have a mania for making smudges by burning leaves and brush which makes the air so dense with smoke as to sometimes seriously interfere with persons sleeping at night.
The universities and colleges of this country have \$8,735,385 worth of scientific apparatus and appliances; their grounds and buildings are worth \$64,250,344, and they have \$74,070,344 in productive funds.
Died, at her home in Lima, Oct. 23, 1893, Mrs. Laura Yager. Mrs. Yager was born in Germany in 1812, and was married at the age of 18, and came to this country in 1834. She leaves one son and one grandson to mourn her loss.
The following persons left Sunday night for Chicago to visit the World's Fair: Dr. R. S. Armstrong and daughter, Miss Effa, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Welch, Mattie V. Stinson, Messrs. J. Churchill, L. Churchill, Munson Burkhart and Emory

The Jackson prison garden produced 14,000 head of cabbage, 700 bushels of onions, 900 of tomatoes and 600 of sweet corn, this year.
Christopher A. Mason, alias William Hudson, the old man seventy-nine years of age, who stole the horses from Charles Rose, Comstock Hill and others in this county, has been sentenced in the Fulton county, Ohio court, to a term of five years in the Ohio state prison at Columbus.
The Y. P. S. C. E. will hold a popcorn and experience social in the Congregational church parlors, Friday evening, November 3, 1893. A fee of five cents will be charged at the door. You are requested to hand in your items of experience to Miss Mara L. Wheeler as soon as possible.
October 27th will be the 25th birthday of the A. O. U. W. society, during which 25 years the order has reached the head of fraternal beneficent societies, having a membership of nearly 350,000, and is paying daily \$20,000 to the widows and orphans of its deceased members. It has expended the sum of \$49,500,000 for the above purpose.
A physician points out that fat people endure most kinds of illness much better than thin people, because they have an extra amount of nutriment stored away in their tissues to support them during the ordeal. Moreover, there are many other consolations for persons of abundant girth. They are generally optimists by nature, genial and jolly companions, whose society is universally preferred to that of people with angular frames and dispositions.
We are well rid of the pest in Michigan, says the Livingston Democrat, but there are still a few dudes left who seek to amaze back country audiences by calling it "program." Some one says that the Chautauqua Circle is guilty of promulgating this silly pronunciation of a good word. If so it is the only bad thing we know of the circle and cannot believe that the organization will long suffer such nonsense to blemish an erstwhile good reputation.
Here is an item that voters will do well to cut out and paste in their hats so it can be referred to next fall: Under a new law, if any person elected as a delegate to any caucus or convention accepts or receives any money or valuable thing as a consideration for his vote as such delegate, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, which is punishable by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.
The indiscriminate exchange of lead pencils among school pupils is condemned by the Minnesota health commissioners who says that putting the pencil in the mouth is a very common habit and that diphtheria and other diseases are often transmitted in this way. If the pupils cannot be forbidden to lend or exchange pencils, he says the janitors must disinfect the pencils every day. The man who habitually hypothesizes other people's lead pencils should make a note of this.
Why is it that a stranger coming into a community, purporting to be an agent of some kind, can always succeed better than a home agent? The stranger can come in with a slick tongue and a little gall and at once make people believe that what he has to sell is the best on earth, and that it is twice as good as the home product, and he takes your order for his worthless trash, while on the other hand the home agent has a harder road to travel, and barely makes half the sales, and frequently must do this at prices greatly below the other man.
Tuesday's excursion took to the White City: Mrs. M. N. Avery daughter and son, Mrs. H. F. Chandler, Mrs. Wm. Taylor, Mrs. C. Clark and Mrs. D. Clark. Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Glenn, Mrs. J. H. Kingsley, Miss Annetta Kingsley, Mrs. E. L. Freer, Miss Maude Freer, Mrs. C. E. Lewis, Mrs. Ella Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Steger, Mrs. Rose Wunder, Mr. and Mrs. W. Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hadley. Misses Ella Purchase, Mary Doll, Katie Miller, Mattie Spaulding, Ida Davidson, Mary Miller. Messrs. James Pottinger, G. Taylor, Ed. Tichenor, Wm. Hammond, Bert Gerard, Ben, Henry and John Uhl, Geo. Miller, and Wm. Kellogg.
The song evangelists, Smart and McLachlan, have been secured by the M. E. church, to work in this place. They will begin Nov. 5th, and expect to remain until the 21st, only. Mr. Smart is a member of the Detroit conference, and a son of the late Rev. J. S. Smart, well known as one of the most powerful preachers in the State. Of Mr. McLachlan, Rev. Levi Master, presiding elder of Kalamazoo district, says: "I had him work with me on my district for over six months. He is one of the finest evangelistic singers in the country. At times exceedingly powerful in prayer and exhortation, and his personal life is pious and pure." They are hustlers, and will get a hearing.

"AFTER THE FAIR IS OVER"
We will continue to sell our groceries just as cheap as we ever have. We find that our old plan of marking goods so close that
You Can't Distinguish Between Wholesale and Retail Price
Works very satisfactorily with our customers, and we will continue it. When in need of the choicest goods at bottom figures
Give Us a Call.
First Class Lanterns 35c each.
All Patent Medicines 1-4 off.
Choice Lemons 25c per dozen.
4 pounds V. & C. crackers for 25c.
2 packages Yeast Foam for 5c.
Full cream cheese 14c per pound.
Fine extracted honey 88c per quart.
Best Alaska Salmon 14c per can.
Tea dust 12 1/2c per pound.
Good Raisins 8c per pound.
Gloss Starch 6c per pound.
Arm and Hammer Saleratus 6c per lb.
Best Nudavene Flakes 8 lbs for 25c.
All laundry soaps 6 bars for 25c.
23 boxes matches, (300 to box) for 25c.
Best kerosine oil 9c per gallon.
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.
No. 1 lamp chimneys 3c each.
No. 2 lamp chimneys 5c each.
Best Lantern Globes 5c each.
Choice Coffee 19c per pound.
Fine Herring 20c per box.
3 cans best Pumpkin for 25c.
Mixed and stick candy 10c per pound.
Fine perfumes 35c per ounce.
Clothes pins 6 dozen for 5c.
Codfish in bricks 8c per pound.
Best Baking Powder 20c per pound.
Choice Rice 5c per pound.
Fine N. O. Molasses for 25c per gal.
Extra Japan tea 30c per pound.
9 sticks best chicory for 10c.
Choice Mustard 15c per jug.
3 cakes elegant toilet soap for 20c.
Fine syrup 25c per gallon.
Axe grease 5c per box.
25 pounds sulphur for \$1.
Banner smoking tobacco 16c per pound.
Presto fine cut tobacco 28c per pound.
Good plug tobacco 25c per pound.
Best Sardines 5c per box.
Rising sun stove polish 5c per package.
Purest Spices that can be bought.
Fine toothpicks 5c per package.
Pure Cider Vinegar 18c per gallon.
Sweet Cuba tobacco 38c per pound.
Verily, Merrily, More and More.
It Pays to Trade at
GLAZIER'S STORE.
Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently Anesthetized.
H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.
Dr. K. GREINER,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours—10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m.
Office in the Sherry building, Chelsea, Mich.
PALMER & TWITCHELL.
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.
H. W. SCHMIDT,
Physician & Surgeon.
SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.
R. McCOLGAN,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office and residence west side South Main street, second door from South St.
Office hours, 3 to 6 p. m.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

RY GOODS SALE! SPECIAL!

I have just returned from New York where I purchased \$10,000 worth of New Dry Goods, Cloaks, etc. at Lower Prices than I ever bought in my whole business experience. Some goods bought at 75 cents on the dollar. Some as low as 50 cents. And all new desirable goods for fall. To say I will sell Dry Goods Cheaper than can be found in this place, is one thing, to come and find that such is the case, is another and very convincing.

I WILL OFFER YOU: Domestics.

1 case 10c Gingham at 5 1/2c per yard.
20 pieces 15c Outings at 9 1/2c per yard.
20 pieces 7c Indigo prints at 5 1/2c per yd.
1 bale 7c Turkey Red Prints at 5 1/2c yd.
15 bale 8c Argyle Cotton at 6c per yard.
15 pieces 14c Shirtings at 10c per yard.
20 pieces 15c Linen Crash at 10 1/2c per yd.

Dress Goods.

10 pieces 75c Imported Hop Sacking at 25c per yard.
5 pieces \$2.00 Imported Novelties at 1.25 per yard.
15 pieces 85c Novelties to close at 48c yd.
25 pattern Suits, no two alike, at 1 1/2 value
10 pieces 85c Henrietta, all colors, at 50c per yard.
8 pieces 87 1/2c Serge, all colors, at 73c yd.
17 pieces \$1.00 Henrietta and Serge, all colors, at 84c per yard.
Largest drives in Dress Goods ever shown.
All the new colors in Plain and Serpentine Braid, for trimmings.

Hosiery and Underwear.

75 doz. Ladies' All Wool 40c Hose at 25c per pair.
50 doz. Ladies' Cashmere 75c Hose at 25c per pair.
120 doz. Boy's All Wool 35c Hose at 24c per pair.
50 doz. Boy's Bicycle 30c Hose at 28c per pair.
64 doz. Ladies' 60c Jersey Vests at 44c each.
45 doz. Ladies' \$1.25 Wool Vests at 44c each.
15 doz. Ladies' 50c Cashmere Mittens, again 50c on dollar, at 27c per pair.
25 doz. Ladies' 40c Cashmere Gloves at 25c per pair.
12 doz. Misses' Wool Mittens at one-half price.

Notions.

10 doz. Ball Corsets and Favorite Waists, worth \$1.00.
15 pieces new Fancy Face Veilings. See new Fan Veils.
100 pieces all-ink Ribbons, No. 7, 9, 12, all at 8 cents per yard.
Greatest Ribbon Drive, all colors, ever offered.
25 gross new Chenille Ball for Fancy Port.
15 doz. new 60c Windsor Ties at 23c each.
2 doz. Children's \$1.50 Hoods for 99c each.
1 doz. Ladies' Black \$1.00 Hoods for 49c each.

Room No. 1—Handkerchiefs Only.

200 dozen 10c handkerchiefs at 5c each.
140 dozen 25c handkerchiefs at 16c each.
70 dozen 29c handkerchiefs at 19c each.
These are all Bargains

Room No. 2—Stamped Linens.

100 Bureau Scarfs at 48c worth 75c.
50 Bureau Scarfs at 53c worth 85c.
10 dozen Tray Cloths at 24c worth 36c.
10 dozen Tray Cloths at 39c worth 50c.
10 dozen Splashes one-third price.
New Doylies. Novelties in Scarfs, Turbans, Drapes, etc.

Room No. 3—Towels.

I shall still keep the reputation of giving Towels at less money than any other store, for example,
10 doz Towels, wholesale price was \$1.75 retail price \$1.39.
11 dozen 90c towels to close at 48c.
60 dozen 88c towels to close at 23c.

Room No. 4—Table Linens and Napkins.

8 Table Sets worth \$8.50 at \$5.75 set.
6 Table Sets worth \$10.00 at \$7.00 set.
4 Table Sets worth \$5.00 at \$2.75 set.
25 doz. Napkins worth \$3.50 at \$2.25 set.
25 doz. Napkins worth \$2.50 at \$1.49.
See these goods for Bargains.

Cloaks.

25 Ladies' sample cloaks, worth \$15.00, at \$7.00.
15 Ladies' sample cloaks, worth \$19.00, at \$9.00.
12 Ladies' sample cloaks, worth \$22.00, at \$10 to \$12.00.
Misses' cloaks at all prices, and at one-half their value.

If you want Dry Goods come to the Dry Goods Store for bargains, as I sell them, and will continue to be known as Always the Cheapest.

Respectfully,

GEO. H. KEMPF

Highest price for butter, eggs and dried goods.

Here and There.

The odor of burning leaves fills the atmosphere.

Wm. Casper was visiting at Ann Arbor Wednesday.

Miss Edith M. Collings, of Chicago, is visiting Miss Sadie Cunningham, of south Main street.

Miss Josie B. Cunningham, of Chicago, is spending a few weeks with her parents at this place.

For sale, house and lot, corner Washington and Madison streets, cheap. Mrs. Arthur Hunter, Chelsea.

Fin. Whitaker has moved back from Illinois and will occupy the Geo. Taylor house on Harrison street.

W. P. Schenk & Co's great removal sale lasts only two weeks more, so take advantage while it lasts. See "ad" on first page.

The Farm Journal tells that many farmers who work beyond an average of 10 hours per day are lessening their capacity for effective labor. The trouble with excessive hours is that the keenness of the mind's edge is dulled, and more muscle is demanded to do the work than where the brain is not fatigued.

Suicide may have been just as common in this country at some previous date as it is now, but certainly the newspapers never harvested such a crop of reports of suicides as they now daily harvest. The mania for self-murder seems epidemic. Scarcely a day passes that accounts can not be read of three or four and some days as high as a half dozen suicides.

The human family living on earth today consists of about 1,450,000,000 persons in round numbers. Of these only about 500,000,000, or one-third, are even properly clothed; 250,000,000 habitually go naked; 700,000,000 have only the middle part of their bodies covered; only 500,000,000 live in houses, 700,000,000 in huts and caves, while the remaining 250,000,000 have no home or shelter whatever.

The Livingston Democrat says farmers who complain of the low price prevailing for wheat might follow the example of a Tecumseh farmer who weighed out 25 bushels of wheat and at the same time weighed his stock of hogs. He then fed them entirely on the wheat and the result was the increase in the animals netted him \$1.10 per bushel for the grain. This is an actual fact that occurred within the last four weeks.

The jury in the Hand murder trial could not agree. Judge Kinne charged them at 10 o'clock on Saturday evening. At 10 o'clock Monday evening they had not agreed and the judge discharged them. On the first ballot they stood 7 to 5 for conviction, on all subsequent ballots they stood 9 to 3. The three jurors for acquittal were Messrs. Burch, Kalmbach and Cole. The case will be tried again in the December term and Hand will remain in jail—Ann Arbor Democrat.

An inventor has devised a genuine burglar-proof safe for railway trains. It is arranged with two combination locks. Just when the bold robber darkens the car doorway, pistol in hand, the express messenger touches a little spring. In an instant the safe is locked on a new combination of numbers, which the messenger himself does not know and could not give to save his life. The agent at the main station has that combination set down in his books, and he must hunt it out before the safe can be opened. With this device the robber, the messenger and the station agent must all be in league before an express car can be opened.

If a newspaper should one day print the contents of its waste basket there would probably be a riot, says an exchange. There would certainly be trouble in many homes, arrests in many directions, shot guns in another, trouble all around. But the patron never sees the waste basket. He only glances at the beautiful printed page and complains if one letter in fifty is upside down, grows if one name in five hundred happens to be wrong, kicks because his communication signed "Tax-payer" has been condensed into respectable English, and frowns because the editor did not take his advice about telling his neighbors of his short comings, and is generally disgruntled.

This is an "off year" in state politics. Only 13 out of the 44 states will hold state elections—namely: Iowa, Nebraska, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Virginia and Wisconsin. But five of these states—Iowa, Wisconsin, Ohio, Wisconsin and Massachusetts—will elect full tickets. Eight states will choose judges or legislatures, and three of the legislatures to be chosen will elect United States senators—Iowa, Kentucky and Virginia. The greatest political interest will undoubtedly center in Ohio, where, more than anywhere else, the contest will be made upon the tariff issue.—E.S.

To the People of Chelsea and Vicinity.

Owing to the severe illness of speaker engaged for second evening of Washtenaw County W. C. T. U. Annual Convention, held in the M. E. church, Chelsea, Oct. 28th and 27th, we have secured Rev. Gelston, pastor Presbyterian church, Ann Arbor, to give an address on Friday evening.

Mr. Gelston is held in high esteem by the people of his church, the city and University. We anticipate a full and appreciative audience to listen to this good and wise man on the temperance question. Respectfully Yours,

Mrs. ALTHA COMSTOCK, Pres.
Mrs. ROSA SMITH, Cor. Sec.

North Lake Breezes.

Mr. Geo. Cook is in Detroit this week on business.

Wm. Wood made a second trip to the fair this week.

Mr. R. Whallan is shipping a nice lot of apples this fall.

Mr. M. Marsh, an old resident of Unadilla, is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Twamley and son visited in Ann Arbor last week.

Your Scribes and daughter, Rose, spent several days in Detroit last week.

The corn sheller can now be heard taking the outside house off the walnuts.

Mr. W. E. Stevenson is home from the White City. His wife and son, Willie, are there now.

The last tree of peaches to ripen this fall will be mellow this week. Come and have a taste.

Nearly everybody about here attended the Chelsea fair this year. With a more united effort the fair might be made second to none in the county. A little more fairness could also be shown in the awarding of premiums.

The event of the week was the marriage of Fred Glenn to Miss Tirzah Twamley, the knot being tied by Rev. F. E. Pearce, of Dexter. All passed off without a hitch, although it happened at high noon. Lamp light was used, and spread a halo over all. Even last year's suits looked passable, which was very fortunate for your Scribe, and making the old saying true, that "lamp light is cheaper than day light." The company was large and expressed their appreciation of the young pair by leaving numerous beautiful and useful presents, which could not have been better chosen if selected by one person. The young couple spent a few days with their parents and are now visiting the World's Fair. They have the good wishes of many friends and a host of relatives. Well the bride looked very sweet, the groom didn't look sour, while the bride-maid, Miss Lena Parshall, was a star in the business, and the best man, a brother of the bride, from Detroit, did the honors in real city style. But I can't describe so much. Say, everything was in good taste, even the lunch in the old dining room. It was also a big reunion, as nearly all present were relatives.

How Did the Dollar Mark Originate.

Below I give five theories of the origin of the dollar mark (\$), they being selected from about 20 seemingly plausible solutions.

That it is a combination of the "U. S.," the initials of the United States.

That it is a modification of the figure 8, the dollar being formerly called a "piece of eight."

That it is derived from a representation of the Pillars of Hercules, consisting of two needlelike towers or pillars connected with a scroll. The old Spanish coins marked with the pillar device were frequently referred to as "pillar dollars."

That it is a combination of "H. S.," the ancient Roman mark of money unit.

That it is a combination of P. and S. from peso duro, signifying "hard dollar." In Spanish accounts peso is contracted by writing the S. over the P. and placing it over the sum.

According to one writer the symbol of the dollar is a monogram of the letters "V" "S" and "J." the dollar being originally a "thaler" coined in the valley of Saint Joachim, Bohemia and known as "Joachim thaler," and the monogram the initials of the words, "Valley Saint Joachim."—St. Louis Republic.

Relief in Six Hours.

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Mail 10.27 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express 6.38 P. M.
Chicago Night Express 9.21 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Detroit Night Express 5.28 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express 10.17 A. M.
Mail 3.53 P. M.
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THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

AUTOGRAPH letters written by seventeen presidents of the United States have been presented to the Millicent library of Fairhaven, Mass., by H. H. Rogers, an enthusiastic collector.

A NEW treatment in pleurisy is to keep the patient absolutely motionless for several days. Recent experiments showed rapid reduction of fever, while not more than eight days' treatment were required in any case.

THE maxim "murder will out" is disproved by statistics. In the ten years ending with 1886 there were 1,766 murders committed in England and Wales, and in 1,094 of these cases no trace of the criminal was ever found that led to his apprehension.

THE report which had recently a large circulation among English newspapers to the effect that the pope has three millions of money invested in England, and is a big ground landlord in London, has just been denied by the official organ of the vatican.

THE vegetarians have another grain of encouragement in the recent statement of a musical writer, who alleges that fine vocalists are rare in countries where fish and meat diet prevail, and that the voice deprecates as families grow rich and increase the amount of meat consumed.

ASPIRING footballists would do well in glancing over the list of casualties which occurred in Great Britain last season. During that period there were 26 deaths on the field resulting from football accidents, 39 broken legs, 12 broken arms, 23 broken collar bones and 75 other injuries.

It is learned that the secret donor of \$500,000 to Harvard college to build, equip and maintain a reading room was the late Fred L. Ames, of Easton, Mass. The money was to have been paid in installments, but the papers had not been signed at his death. His heirs have not indicated their course in the matter.

ISMAIL PACHA, whose bad luck is traced by many Egyptians to his act, while khedive, in letting Cleopatra's Needle come to this country, is not permitted to leave Constantinople without the surveillance of a medical man, who is also a diplomatic spy. His condition is not so precarious as that of the creditors who advanced him \$20,000,000.

SENATOR DUBOIS, of Idaho, who has been conspicuous in the public eye for some weeks, is a Yale graduate of the class of 1872. Though he is a bachelor of convivial tastes and habits, he keeps up the course of reading he began in college, and his friends think he has a great future. Mr. Reed says that Dubois is one of the brightest young men now in public life.

BOSTON public spirit seems at length to be aroused, after the expiration of one hundred years, to the humiliating fact that the grave of John Hancock, in the old Granary burying ground in that city, is unmarked, save by a small cracked and moss-covered stone, inscribed: "No. 16, Tomb of Hancock." Efforts are being made to raise funds for a suitable monument.

BISHOP POTTER, of New York, is said to be in active sympathy with the Burial Relief association of that city, and it has been reported that he has provided in his will that he shall be buried in a wicker coffin. The association, having found it difficult to obtain wicker coffins, has recommended the use of certain kinds of soft pine wood, which decompose with equal rapidity.

THE little plant which is said by scientists to cause blindness belongs to the lowest order of fungi. The propagation—simply by division—is very rapid and its growth in the tissues covering the eyeball causes such irritation and congestion as to cut off the supply of nutriment to the clearer part of the eye, so that the local death of the part, with consequent destruction of power of vision, follows often in a few days, or even hours.

THE photograph, which finds its way into baskets beribboned and befrilled, within the criss cross, ribbon-garnished screen and in a dozen other fanciful postures, has lately been given another decorative part to play. Some bright body has hit upon the plan of carrying around the room below the dado a long single oak frame in which the photos are inserted. Turn which way one may, sisters and cousins and aunts are to be found in all their family pride.

THE picturesque old mansion that was the home of several generations of the Lees, of Virginia, is still standing in an excellent state of preservation near Fairfax Courthouse. It is known as Ravensworth, and, with its fine grounds and its historic treasures in the way of relics, it is, next to Mount Vernon, probably the most interesting old house in the Old Dominion. Early in the eighteenth century the estate was the home of the Fitzhughs, from whom the Lee family inherited it by intermarriage.

SLAIN IN THE NIGHT.

Passenger Trains Collide Near Battle Creek, Mich.

Twenty-seven Persons Killed, Most of Them Being Roasted to Death and Burned Beyond Identification—Two Score Injured.

WORST OF THE YEAR.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Oct. 23.—An east-bound special train from Chicago collided with train No. 9, the Pacific express, going west, at 3:52 o'clock Friday morning in the yards of the Chicago & Grand Trunk railway. Twenty-seven persons were killed and burned and two score injured. Two of the Pacific express coaches were telescoped and three burned. The express was made up of thirteen coaches and from the remains of coach No. 13 twenty-five charred bodies were taken. The accident was a mile and a half from the city fire station. The imprisoned passengers were burned with the wreckage, while scores of people stood about unable to lend any assistance. Most of the bodies recovered are formless cinders.

The train crew on the special, it is said, disobeyed orders in passing Nichols Station, where there were orders to wait on a siding for the Pacific express. No element of horror was absent from the scenes about the wreck. In the great crash the seats in the flimsy day coaches closed up like an accordion. So the imprisoned passengers were burned. Many of the charred remains will never be identified.

Following will be found a list of the known dead:

Mr. Archbell, Repon, Wis., not fully identified; J. W. Beardsley, Watkins, N. Y.; Mrs. L. B. Hayes; W. H. Crawley, Port Huron, Mich., not fully identified; Rev. Father Bradford, Yorkshire, not fully identified; John C. Greenwood; Horton Little, Bradford, Yorkshire, not fully identified; W. W. Henry, Woonsocket, R. I.; E. J. Magau, Providence, R. I.; Mrs. F. R. McKenzie, Middletown, Conn.; T. A. Garvey, Ontario, Can.; Frank H. Smith, died at hospital; William Thompson, Woodstock, Ont., not fully identified; Charles Van Dusen and wife, Sprout Brook, N. Y.; W. L. Wilson, Evanston, Ill.; Charles E. Werde, New York city.

The bodies of ten persons, a baby, a boy, three men and five women were recognized, but they cannot be identified principally because the bodies were so terribly burned.

The names of those most seriously injured are as follows:

Harry J. Archbell, New York; C. F. Adams, No. 600 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.; left hand and four fingers badly cut; James S. Archbell; Evanston, Ill., ankle and arm crushed; S. H. Baldwin, Milford, Conn., right leg cut badly, head bruised; C. T. Beardsley, Springfield, Mass., ankle crushed and badly bruised; Albert Bradley, Sarnia, Ont., left leg cut off and body bruised; Albert Bradley, Toronto, Ont., right leg cut off and back bruised; John Burke, conductor train No. 9, badly bruised and ankle dislocated; Mrs. Henry Bushnell, Brockport, Monroe county, N. Y.; Gill Cramshaw, engineer train No. 9, slightly injured in jumping from cab; Henry Canfield, clerk of Grand Trunk, injured in helping at wreck; slight; W. P. Clark, Sarnia, Ont., badly bruised; H. C. Crawley, Port Huron, Ont., slightly injured; Ezekiel Davidson, Fairport, N. Y., back bruised and shoulder dislocated; M. E. Gaston, Webster, Monroe county, N. Y., shoulder bruised; Thomas J. Monroe, Auburn, N. Y.; Maggie O'Grady, Oswego, N. Y., right limb broken and internal injuries; Frank Rogers, Woodstock, Ont., arm crushed; W. A. Ryerse, Port Dover, Ont., leg and shoulder fractured; George Shalketon, Albany, N. Y., fingers of right hand badly cut and bruised; P. H. Smith, Fort Plain, N. Y., left leg crushed and was amputated below the knee, right and left legs fractured, injuries probably fatal; James Smith, Ingersoll, Ont., back and head injured, hurt internally, squeezed and wrenched, continued his journey west; Mrs. James Smith, Ingersoll, Ont., leg broken; Nellie E. Smith, 22 years, daughter of J. H. Smith, head, eyes, limbs and feet bruised, badly injured, some bones broken and taken out of left foot; I. C. Stewart, Dalton Station, Cook county, Ill., seriously bruised; Jennie Stewart, 11 years old, daughter of the above named, left arm broken; Frank Turn, Middle Smithfield, Pa., back bruised and arm crushed; George Vance, Lincoln, Ont., left leg bruised and internal injuries; Mrs. Robert Vance, Lincoln, Ont., both limbs crushed and internal injuries; Clinton H. Ward, Mooretown, Vt., right hand slightly cut; Miss Belle Williams, Brockport, N. Y., right ankle broken; H. W. Williams, No. 41 Ulster street, Toronto, right foot slightly cut, both hips badly injured; Evalyn Wurtz, Rochester, N. Y., shoulder broken and internal injuries; Mrs. Fred Wurtz, Rochester, N. Y., body bruised and ankle dislocated; Henry Wooley, engineer train No. 9, back injured; Fred Wurtz, Rochester, N. Y., left side bruised, both legs injured.

Conductor Scott and Engineer Wooley, of the Raymond and Whitcomb special, received orders to meet at Nichols No. 9, the Pacific express going to Chicago. Practically the same orders were given to the trainmen of the Pacific express. This train was due at 1:35 a. m., but was nearly three hours late. The disobedience of orders upon the part of one crew, if not both, caused the trains to leave the double track here and meet upon the single track in the company's yards.

When the trains met in the deadly crash the Pacific express was going at the rate of 30 miles an hour and the special was somewhat slower, though Engineer Wooley says that he had stopped. The engineers and firemen when they saw a collision was inevitable shut off steam, reversed engines, put on brakes, and all jumped and escaped without serious injury. The conductor of the Pacific express was badly hurt by being caught in the car.

Then the crash came. The two engines were driven into each other and wrecked, the one on the express being a new Cook engine in use two weeks. The people in the crowded cars were sleeping at the time (3:40 o'clock), and everything was dark with the exception of the switchlights and the headlights of yard locomotives. Of the special train the engine and baggage car were wrecked, but the coaches, be-

ing sleepers and the train moving slowly, escaped serious injury and no one on this train was injured.

The Pacific express was made up of thirteen old coaches and four of them telescoped and were burned all up, catching fire from the lamps in the cars. The passengers in the four coaches were more or less injured and in one of them, No. 13, called "the unlucky coach," which has been in several accidents before, there were twenty-five dead bodies taken out by the firemen.

The shock dazed while it woke the occupants of the cars. Then came the shrieks of the injured and the moans of those more seriously hurt. Willing hands pressed forward, and in the darkness hands were torn as pieces of wreckage, were struggled with in the efforts of the rescuers to release some man or woman or child pinned down in the wreckage.

The spark soon became a light, then a fire, small at first and needing only a bucket of water to quench it, but rapidly increasing in brilliancy as it fed upon the highly varnished wood above. No kindlings could have been better placed. Then the fire became fierce as it formed its own draft and crept upward towards the victims in waiting. There was no water, nothing to quench the red fury, and soon the neighboring farmhouses could be seen, the light was so great. The fire soon became a great white furnace, devouring men, women and children, and melting iron and warping wheels of cars, and when the fire department attempted to quench it the water sizzled as it struck the red hot iron and went up in steam. The blaze was seen for miles around.

The wreck and the bright light attracted crowds of people to the Grand Trunk yards and the work of rescue was pushed as rapidly as possible. This work became a frantic struggle as the fire increased and the prisoners one by one passed into insensibility. Stories of suicide among the cremated people were told, but could not be substantiated.

The death of Mrs. C. W. Van Dusen was very sad. She had got partially out of the car, but her feet had been caught and held her fast by the timbers and there she burned to death. Her agony was terrible, but she retained her senses to the last and gave her name and address and told what friends to notify. She was a teacher in the Methodist Sunday school and died like a Christian. Her husband, Charles Van Dusen, died at the Nichols Memorial home at 10 o'clock.

C. H. Ward and B. S. Ward, brothers, of Moretown, Vt., were in the ill-fated coaches and were among the number who escaped uninjured. After the coach was over C. H. Ward jumped out of the left side through a window. In front of him sat a lady with a baby. He pulled her through the window, when she cried out to save her baby, but the little one was fastened beneath the seat, and perished while the crazed mother had to be taken away by force.

As fast as the charred remains were separated from the ashes of the ill-starred No. 13 they were blanketed and laid in box cars. From this rude morgue at noon they were transferred to the undertaking establishment of Ranger & Farley. In the basement rough pine slabs were laid out, and here, wrapped in white linen, the remains were placed. The identification was that of circumstantial evidence, for in most cases the heads and arms were burned away, and jammed up against the stove in coach No. 13 were found the remains of a woman and in her fleshless arms she clasped an infant. Part of a chain bracelet, two narrow bits of flouncing of black silk and part of a leather belt were all that remained to identify the mother and child.

In the only two faces recognizable in the morgue all the nameless horrors of death by fire were stamped. One body lacked a limb, another an arm; eyes had gone from sockets, ears and noses had been licked off by the flames. Two of the bodies might have been but charred stumps of trees for all the evidences that remained that they were human beings but a few hours ago.

Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock Justice Henry issued warrants for Henry Wooley, engineer of train No. 9, and Conductor Burt N. Scott. At 4 o'clock Deputy Sheriff King arrested Wooley and brought him before Justice Henry.

Engineer Wooley told the justice that while oiling his engine Conductor Scott came to him and handed him his orders, asking if he was ready to go. Scott said to him that the dispatcher must be crazy, as No. 9 had gone through. The engineer continued:

"I hurried up and got through oiling my engine, got up in the cab and that time Conductor Scott was over near the platform. He asked me if I was ready to go. I asked him if he was sure No. 9 had gone through. He said: 'Yes. She has.' My fireman heard that. After he said that No. 9 had gone through I asked him how the board was. He said: 'All clear. Look out for the board at Bellevue.' I got up on my seat and started the engine. I did not pass any switch engine, as he has been reported, on the double track. After I got into the yards I saw a headlight. Thought at first it was the switch engine, but in a moment saw that it was coming too fast. I shut the throttle and reversed my engine. My train came to a stop and was standing still when No. 9 struck my engine. I went to get off, but before I could do so I was thrown against the tank and my side was hurt. I asked my fireman after the wreck if he remembered what Conductor Scott said to me. He said he did. He told me that No. 9 had gone through. I saw Conductor Scott after the wreck. He was much excited. I asked him in regard to the order again. He muttered out something and said he thought that No. 9 had gone. My side has been very sore all day. I have been lying down all day and not able to come out."

SEVEN FIENDS.

They Were Implicated in the Murder of the Wrattan Family.

One of Their Number Confesses, Giving the Details of the Butchery of an Indiana Family for the Purpose of Robbery.

ALL UNDER ARREST.

WASHINGTON, Ind., Oct. 24.—The great Wrattan murder mystery has been solved. James Stone was before the grand jury Saturday, and after a close examination he weakened and gave a full confession, implicating six other men. They are Grandison Cosby, Gibson Clark, John White, Martin Yarbrough, Lon Williams and William Kays. It will be remembered that the last two named were arrested several days ago on a charge of the murder and placed in the southern prison, where they are now confined.

Stone claims the originator of the scheme was Grandison Cosby, and that their motive was to rob the house, as the old lady, Mrs. Elizabeth Wrattan, was said to have almost \$1,200 concealed about the house. They were to secure the money if the whole family had to be murdered. Stone says that he did not take part in the murder; that when he got to the Wrattan house he was half an hour late. They had agreed to meet at 1 o'clock Tuesday morning, September 18. When he arrived he met Williams coming from the house and he said: "You Stone, you are too late to see the fun. We have killed them all, and had a picnic, except with the old woman, and she fought like h—l."

Williams was asked by Stone if he had found any money, when he replied: "Not a cent; could not find any." They then made Stone go in the house and get blood on his clothes so he would be implicated if the rest of them were. Stone was made to promise that he would go to the house the next morning and bring the news to this city. Stone says they all left the house in different directions, and he went home and washed his shirt in the spring and then changed his trousers. He told the officers where they would find the bloody trousers, and on a search they were found in his garret, and are now in the possession of the authorities.

Stone's arrest was caused through his own wife, who appeared before the grand jury and testified that Stone arose in the night and complained of a violent toothache and that he was going to a dentist to have it extracted; that he did not return until a late hour, and then being covered with blood, he asked for a change of clothes; that Stone maintained that the blood on his clothes was caused by the bleeding of his tooth. On inquiry it was found that no doctor or dentist had extracted a tooth from Stone. This was deemed strong evidence, especially when coming from the man's wife. As soon as Stone was brought to town the grand jury went to work to obtain a confession from him. At first he strenuously denied everything, but, being assured that clemency would be guaranteed to him if he made a confession, he at midnight yielded to their overtures.

Kays and Williams killed the old woman, and Clark, White and Yarbrough killed the remainder of the family. Cosby had nothing to do with the assassination, but was simply a leader. He says that they did not get a cent.

This is thought to be the gang which has been burning so many barns in this county. Clark, White and Stone were generally considered good citizens and are from good families. Each of them is married and has children. Kays, Williams, Cosby and Yarbrough are pretty bad cases and have their names on the criminal docket in several places. Cosby was arrested for the murder of Doc Blades, but on account of lack of evidence he was acquitted.

Every man is now behind the walls of Jeffersonville prison, as it was not safe to leave them in this city, so excited are the citizens.

The following account of the murder of the Wrattan family, six in number, was telegraphed from Washington, Ind., September 19:

"The most horrible crime ever committed in southern Indiana must be entered against Daviess county. Dillard Denson Wrattan, his wife, mother and three children were murdered last night in the most cruel and barbarous way. The Wrattans resided about 9 miles from this city in Harrison township. They were well-to-do farmers. The husband was down with typhoid fever, but must have been asleep when the horrible deed was committed for he lay on his back, his hands folded peacefully across his breast, with three ugly gashes in his forehead. Mr. Wrattan's mother, aged 61 years, was evidently the first killed. She was lying upon the floor with both arms broken, and a terrible struggle must have ensued. His wife was also found upon the floor, and 5 feet from her lay her little daughter Stella, aged 6 years. The baby, 3 years old, was found murdered in the kitchen, and Ethel, a girl 11 years old, had her skull broken in two places.

"The motive for the murder was presumably money, as it was shown that Mr. Wrattan's mother had a great deal of it concealed about the house. It was the window of her room that was broken open and entered, while the struggle which ensued awakened the other members of the family. Old Mrs. Wrattan had received a pension ever since she was a widow, just after the war, and all this money was supposed to have been secreted about the house. The drawers of the bureau were ransacked and every place where money was likely to be found had been disturbed. Thirty-nine dollars, however, was found which the robbers overlooked. The instrument of death was either a coffee-knife or a hatchet, or both."

MANHATTAN DAY.

How It Was Celebrated at Jackson Park—Nearly 300,000 Attend.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Two great cities joined hands in making Manhattan day at the Columbian exposition a notable event. Specially devoted to the great metropolis of the east though the day was, the great metropolis of the west was as active and as enthusiastic in the celebration as her sister city.

The crowd at the fair was not so overwhelming as on Chicago day, but was considered all the greater when the fact that the guests of the occasion had to travel a thousand miles to take part in the festivities is taken into consideration. Probably 25,000 New Yorkers were at the exposition. The paid admissions numbered 200,317; free admissions, 27,006; total, 318,283.

There were great "doings" at Jackson park for the delectation of the visitors. The fun started at 10 o'clock when "Buffalo Bill's" rough riders passed into the grounds at the Sixty-second street gate and made the circuit of the main avenues of the fair. At 11 o'clock the Chicago Hussars, under the command of Capt. E. L. Brand, paraded through the park, making their entry at the west end of the midway. The Hussars marched to the music of the Elgin band. Soon after this the First regiment I. N. G. came on the grounds and went through some fancy maneuvers. One o'clock saw the Cook County Democracy Marching club on parade through the park.

At high noon the Columbian liberty bell was rung in honor of the Empire state, and the same moment there was floated from the main flagstaff on the Transportation building a gigantic pennant made up of 171 yacht club flags, that flew over 6,000 American yachts in 1893. The pennant is 54 feet long and 33 feet wide. It was made by Lieut. A. G. Baker and was hoisted today by Mayor Gilroy.

The literary programme of the day was given in Festival hall at 1 o'clock before an audience that packed the place to the doors. On the platform were distinguished New Yorkers and Chicagoans, and the event was a renewal of affection between the two great cities. There were speeches by Mayors Harrison and Gilroy; a poem, "New York to Chicago," by Joseph B. I. Clarke, recited by Agnes Booth; addresses by those eminent orators Chauncey M. Depew, John R. Fellows, Gen. Horace Porter and Seth Low. Archbishop Corrigan pronounced the benediction.

At 3 o'clock, immediately after the exercises in Festival hall, the special parade of the day took place. In the line were the Old Guard of New York, the Sons of New York, Chicago Hussars, the First regiment, Illinois national guard, and half a dozen bands. Mayor Gilroy and ex-Mayor DeWitt C. Cregier, president of the Sons of New York, rode together in a carriage at the head of the Sons of New York society. The column passed in review before the Chicago and New York officials at New York state building. Among others on the reviewing stand were Maj. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, of the United States army, and Brig. Gen. H. A. Wheeler, of the Illinois National Guard.

In the evening there was a procession of floats and a display of fireworks. The first float represented "Liberty Enlightening the World," surrounded by figures of the races and nationalities of mankind. Some thirty persons were on the car. Then followed "Independence," with Washington and his generals impersonated; "War," with characters dressed to represent Lincoln, Douglas, Grant, Yates, Sheridan, Logan and Ellsworth. After these came the floats "Peace," "Chicago Fire," "Columbus Before the Court of Spain," "Commerce" and the English, Swedish and German floats used on Chicago day.

The fireworks were elaborate. Among the set pieces were a portrait of Mayor Gilroy, "Chicago," "Old Father Knickerbocker," "Niagara" and "Liberty Enlightening the World." The Midway was brilliantly illuminated and all exhibition buildings kept open till 10 o'clock.

A LIGHT SENTENCE.

Mackey's Assailant Fined \$250 for Shooting the Millionaire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—W. C. Rippey, the decrepit old man who shot and nearly killed Millionaire John W. Mackey several months ago, was on Saturday sentenced in the superior court to pay a fine of \$250 or serve 125 days in jail. The jury convicted him of assault with a deadly weapon and urged a light sentence. Rippey lost all his money in mining stocks. It is said friends who knew him when he was a prosperous speculator will pay the fine.

BORDEAUX IS SHAKEN.

One Man Killed and Two Injured by the Explosion of a Powder Magazine.

BORDEAUX, Oct. 24.—The inhabitants of this city were startled by a tremendous shock that was at first thought to be an earthquake. Later, however, it was learned that the shock was caused by the explosion of a large powder magazine at St. Medard-en-Jalle, a village 8 miles northwest of Bordeaux. The magazine was blown to atoms. One man was killed and two injured. It is feared that others employed in the magazine are buried in the debris.

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ON RECORD.

Bankers at Chicago Demand Repeal of the Sherman Law.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Over 800 delegates took part in the deliberations of the American Bankers' association at the A-T palace, and there were a large number of visiting bankers also in attendance.

E. H. Pullen, from the executive council, reported the action of the committee advising the adoption of a resolution putting the association on record in strong terms demanding the immediate and unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman silver bill. The suggestion of the committee was put into effect at once and the remarks of Mr. Pullen were adopted as the sense of the convention and ordered embodied in the form of a resolution to be forwarded to congress.

Hon. Joseph C. Hendrix, of New York, drew a vivid picture of the rush of British capital to Australia and the collapse which followed the period of "financial intoxication," in an interesting paper on "The Panic in Australia and the United States." Mr. Hendrix spoke strongly of the necessity of sound currency and banking laws, which would give the banks a chance to protect themselves and the people from strangulation in case of panic. "In the struggle for life no man wants his hands tied or feet bound. In dealing with panics no banking system should find itself so tied up that it cannot be free to act in self-defense."

Horace White, editor of the New York Evening Post, treated at considerable length and in an interesting manner the subject of an "Elastic Currency." His address was well received. It showed close study of the financial question, and was an admirable one in every way.

Prof. Sidney Sherwood, of Johns Hopkins' university, spoke on "The American Bankers' Association; Its Origin, Its Work and Its Prospects." Mr. Sherwood's address was mainly historical and reviewed the work of the organization.

E. O. Leech, ex-director of the United States mint, was received with applause when introduced. He read an able paper on "The Silver Question as Related to the Appreciation of Gold," which commanded the closest attention of the convention. Mr. Leech blamed the white metal for the recent financial troubles.

M. M. White, president of the Fourth national bank of Cincinnati, was elected president of the association and John J. P. Odell, president of the Union national bank of Chicago, first vice president. Vacancies on the executive council were filled and a vice president from each state chosen.

A resolution of thanks to the people of Chicago for their hospitality to the visiting bankers was adopted; also a resolution thanking the bankers of New York for their skillful exertions during the last six months in upholding the credit of America. The convention then adjourned.

DEDICATED.

Unveiling of the Battle Monument at Trenton, N. J.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 21.—Trenton was ablaze with patriotism. Nearly 30,000 people from all over the state and nation, six state governors, and many distinguished citizens of the republic celebrated the famous victory of the continental troops under Washington over the British and Hessians at Trenton the day after Christmas, 1776.

Detachments of state troops from New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and Pennsylvania participated in the parade that preceded the ceremony proper. The dedication ceremonies began at noon. Every workshop and factory in the city was closed. The failure of President Cleveland to attend caused considerable disappointment, but the presence of Secretary Herbert and Secretary Hoke Smith, and Govs. Flower, of New York, Pattison, of Pennsylvania, Fuller, of Vermont, Reynolds, of Delaware, Russell, of Massachusetts, Werts, of New Jersey, Morris, of Connecticut, and Brown, of Maryland, served to add eclat to the occasion. The civil societies represented were those of the Society of Cincinnati, Sons of Revolution and the Monmouth Battle Monument association.

After prayer Gen. Stryker, president of the monument association, delivered an address descriptive of the battle, and then the covering over the statue at the top of the monument was unfurled and the figure of Washington displayed. The several tablets presented by the states were then unveiled.

The monument arises to a height of 150 feet above the street level, and is surmounted by a statue of Washington, the gift of New York. Below the statue is an observatory, which is reached by an electric elevator. The foundation is of concrete 19 feet deep, and the entire monument weighs in the neighborhood of 4,000,000 pounds. Its entire cost was \$500,000, of which one-half was voted by congress, one-fourth came from the state of New Jersey, while individual subscriptions made up the balance.

Great Chinese Cotton Mill Destroyed. Loxdow, Oct. 21.—The great Chinese cotton mill in Shanghai has been destroyed by fire. The loss amounts to \$500,000. There is no insurance. The mill belonged to Li Hung Chang, the imperial minister, and was intended by him to be the beginning and model of a new native industry.

GARNERED VERSE.

An October Day.

Through jagged rifts of woodland, serene and red,
The stubble gleams like some rich treasury floor;

There lie the pumpkins' orbs of gold outspread
And husked corn heaped up in goodly store.

Among the stacks a straying moody breeze
Makes music like reverberance of brass—

Faint cymbals smote by nature as she sees
The prophecies of spring-time come to pass.

A film is hung upon the fallow hills:
An amber sun sleeps in the purple moon;

The noise of blackbirds from the distance thrills—
Rude revelers 'mid the autumn's harvest boon.

Bright sumac clumps the dusty road-side deck,
Their leaves like tongues of a devouring flame;

Mixed with dry vestige of the summer's wreck,
Gray ghosts of flowers of sweet familiar name.

There drops the flexile stalk of golden-rod,
Its precious scepter rusted and grown hoar—

As fallen from the hand of prince and lord
In fairy spell of hundred years or more.

A dampness blurs the stretching meadow sod,
Nipped by the frost to reddish brown and gray—

Where, grazing 'mid the milkweed's frothy pod
And thistles, dreads the cattle stray.

Yet still against the fence's vine-wreathed bars
The purple asters glow serenely bright—

Mid-autumn's flowers, which, like the evening stars,
Are harbingers of winter's hastening night.

—Edward A. U. Valentine, in Harper's Weekly.

Autumnal.

Oh, the sentimental autumn
With its banks of drifting haze,
And its mystic, dreamy silence,
And its foliage ablaze!

With its orchards red with apples
In the tuncful afterglow,
And the squirrel on the stone wall
Eating chestnuts, don't you know!

Oh, the beauty of the woodland
In the swiftly-fading light!
Oh, the shrill and plaintive whistle
Of the Robert Henry White!

Like an etching is the roadway
To the old, red elder mill,
Where a sad and pensive music
Haunts the meadow gray and still.

Oh, the baseball bat is hanging
On the weeping willow tree!
Oh, the oriole's departed,
Like a bank official! See?

Oh, the frost is on the sponge cakes,
And the straw hat's waxing sore!
There's a chill upon the landscape,
And the buckwheat cake is near!

Oh, the tennis court's deserted
Where the leaflets dance and curl—
But my heart is full of summer,
For I've won my summer girl!

—Puck.

In Autumn Days.

Transfigured now the forest lifts
Its gorgeous peaks against the sky;
The sun of Indian summer sifts
Its softened splendor far and nigh.

O, mounds of God, delectable!
Lift up your heads about us so;
O, Sun of Righteousness! so shine
When through life's autumn days we go.

—N. Y. Observer.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22

LIVE STOCK—Cattle..... \$4.45 @ \$5.00

Sheep..... 2.75 @ 3.50

Hogs..... 6.50 @ 7.15

FLOUR—Fair to Fancy..... 2.45 @ 3.45

Minnesota Patents..... 3.60 @ 4.20

WHEAT—No. 3 Red..... 88 1/2 @ 89 1/2

CORN—No. 2..... 47 1/2 @ 48 1/2

Ungraded Mixed..... 46 1/2 @ 47 1/2

OATS—Mixed Western..... 35 @ 36

RYE—Western..... 53 @ 55

PORK—Mess..... 19 1/2 @ 20 1/2

LARD—Western..... 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2

BUTTER—Western Creamery..... 21 @ 22

CHICAGO.

BEEVES—Shipping Steers..... 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2

Cows..... 1 1/2 @ 2 1/2

Stockers..... 2 3/4 @ 3 1/2

Feeders..... 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4

Butchers' Steers..... 2 1/2 @ 3 1/2

Bulls..... 1 1/2 @ 2 1/2

HOGS..... 5 1/2 @ 6 1/2

SHEEP..... 1 1/2 @ 2 1/2

BUTTER—Creamery..... 23 @ 24

Dairy..... 18 @ 20

EGGS—Fresh..... 19 @ 21

BROOM CORN..... 3 1/2 @ 4 1/2

Hurl..... 3 1/2 @ 4 1/2

Self-working..... 3 1/2 @ 4 1/2

Crooked..... 1 1/2 @ 2 1/2

POTATOES—New (per bu.)..... 45 @ 50

PORK—Mess..... 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2

LARD—Steam..... 9 1/2 @ 10 1/2

FLOUR—Spring Patents..... 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4

Spring Straights..... 1 1/2 @ 2 1/2

Winter Patents..... 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4

Winter Straights..... 1 1/2 @ 2 1/2

GRAIN—Wheat, October..... 89 @ 90 1/2

Corn, No. 2..... 47 1/2 @ 48 1/2

Oats, No. 2..... 35 @ 36

Rye, No. 2..... 43 @ 44 1/2

Barley, Medium to Fancy..... 42 @ 43 1/2

LUMBER—

Siding..... 16 1/2 @ 17 1/2

Flooring..... 37 1/2 @ 38 1/2

Common Boards..... 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2

Fencing..... 13 1/2 @ 14 1/2

Lath, Dry..... 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4

Shingles..... 2 1/2 @ 3 1/2

KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE—Steers..... 13 1/2 @ 14 1/2

Stockers and Feeders..... 2 1/2 @ 3 1/2

HOGS—Light..... 6 1/2 @ 7 1/2

Medium and Heavy..... 6 1/2 @ 7 1/2

SHEEP..... 2 1/2 @ 3 1/2

OMAHA.

CATTLE—Feeders..... 2 1/2 @ 3 1/2

Cows..... 2 1/2 @ 3 1/2

HOGS—Light/Mixed..... 6 1/2 @ 7 1/2

Heavy..... 6 1/2 @ 7 1/2

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS

come to you if you're a suffering woman. The messenger in this case is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It's a tonic and nerve, a remedy prescribed by an eminent physician and specialist for all the peculiar ills and ailments of women.

My daughter, Miss MEERER, was sick and we called in one of the best doctors here. She got so weak that I had to help her out of bed and draw her in a chair. She then tried some of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In less than a week she was out of bed and has been working about five weeks now, and looks the picture of health. As for myself I am much better of my female complaint. Before taking the "Favorite Prescription," I suffered most of the time from catarrhal inflammation. Yours respectfully, Mrs. NANCY MEERER, Dunbar, Delaware Co., N. Y.

PIERCE'S GUARANTEE CURE.

In Deep Water.

Like incautious and weak swimmers are those who incur the risk of chronic rheumatism by a neglect of safety. This can be insured at the start by that live preserving medicine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Rheumatism may attack the heart. There is no safety then. Forestall the chronic stage of the malady by using the Bitters, which is equally efficacious in malaria, dyspepsia, liver complaint, constipation and kidney disorder.

STREET CAR DRIVER (to passenger)—"Why don't you put down that heavy satchel? You'll break your back holding it up." Passenger—"Be gob, thim little harses has got all they can do to dhrag this big k'yar and the load that's in it. I'll carry the bag meself."

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Mrs. WALDORF—"In our hotels the guests are well cared for. In every upper room there is a rope for escape in case of fire." Count De Harber—"Ah, that is most amusing. If he wish he can use it also as a skipping rope."—Life.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

Mr. Wm. H. Crane in "Brother John" till Nov. 4, followed by Thos. W. Keene's repertoire of classic plays, supported by Miss Florence Rockwell, aged 15 years.

FAR IN THE REAR.—Poet—"I have a little thing here after Swinburne." Editor—"H'm! After Swinburne, you say (glancing over MS.) Well, young man, I don't think you're likely to catch up with him in a hurry. Get after some one else."—Truth.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O., Props. of Hall's Catarrh Cure, offer \$100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

WOULD BE NEEDED.—"Tell the publisher to order a pound of hyphens right away," said the foreman of the composing-room to the clerk. "Why?" "The editor has a lot of society people's names he wants to print."—Puck.

It is said that good whisky can be bought in eastern Tennessee for fifty cents a gallon, but that's all moonshine.—Chicago Tribune.

Dr. Hoxie's Certain Croup Cure Sent postpaid with beautiful souvenir spoon. Send 50c to A. P. HOXIE, Buffalo, N. Y.

A TRUNK differs from a man in that it can be completely strapped without becoming broke.—Buffalo Courier.

EVIDENCE.—"Is Henderson forehanded?" "Well, rather—why, that fellow can play a duet, he's so forehanded!"—Puck.

BEECHAM'S PILLS, for bilious disorders, are extensively sold and used in all civilized countries. 25 cents a box.

BENEVOLENT—"She said she wouldn't kiss him for anything." "I know it; she does it for nothing."—Truth.

If the money burns in your pocket, my son, you will never be able to lay up much cold cash.—Puck.

LIKE OIL Upon Troubled Waters is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar upon a cold. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

MADAM REMOR seems to have no trouble in getting currency.

YACHTS take spins to show whether they are tip-top or not.—Boston Transcript.

Extreme, Chronic, Torturing Cases of

ARE CURED BY ST. JACOBS OIL. PROMPT AND SURE.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE

THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS.

SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

"No other Weekly Paper gives such a Variety of Entertaining and Instructive Reading at so low a price."

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION

An unsurpassed variety of Articles will be published in the 68th volume of THE COMPANION. Something of special interest and value for every member of the family every week. Full Illustrated Announcements Free.

Important Articles.

The Work that pays the best. By the Supt. of the Census, Robert P. Porter.

The Girlhood of Queen Victoria. By one who knew her well, Lady Jeune.

Boys who ought not to go to College. An important subject. By Prof. Stanley Hall.

Some Remarkable Boys of the Boys' Brigade. By Prof. Henry Drummond.

The Boyhood of the Russian Emperor. How the Czar was Trained. Isabel F. Hapgood.

Serial Stories.

Nine Serial Stories will be given during 1894.

The Deserter. By Harold Frederic.

The Sonny Sahib. Sara Jeannette Duncan.

The Wood Sprites. By C. A. Stephens.

Herm and I. By Myron B. Gibson.

Down the Grand Canon. By A. Ellbrace.

Adventure Stories.

In great variety and over 100 Short Stories.

Out of the Jaws of Death. Henry M. Stanley.

My Closest Call. By Archibald Forbes.

Three Romances of the Sea. Clark Russell.

Sailing the Nameless. By Stinson Jarvis.

My Narrowest Escape. Edward Whymper.

Double Holiday numbers at Thanksgiving, Christmas, New Year's and Easter. Free to each subscriber.

\$1.75 to Jan. 1, 1895.

"Sweet Charity."

This beautiful Colored Picture, "Sweet Charity," must be seen to be appreciated. Its richness of coloring commands instant attention. Its subject is a young lady of colonial times. There is not a home that the picture will not ornament. Size 14x21 inches. It will be sent safely to all new subscribers to The Youth's Companion who will cut out this slip and send it with \$1.75 for a year's subscription, and in addition the paper will be sent Free to Jan. 1, 1894, and for a full year from that date to Jan. 1895.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass.

The Gift of The Year.

Millions of House-keepers

ARE daily testing Royal Baking Powder by that most infallible of all tests,

the test of practical use. They find it goes further, makes lighter, sweeter, finer-flavored, purer and more wholesome food than any other, and is always uniform in its work.

Its great qualities, thus proven, are the cause of its wonderful popularity, its sale being greater than that of all other cream of tartar baking powders combined.

ENCHANTMENT.—"What kind of a lens do you use, Mr. Chapple?" asked Miss Gladys of the young man who takes pictures. "It all depends, Miss Gladys," replied Chapple, smilingly. "Whenever I catch you, it will probably be with a distance lens."—Truth.

Some men are merely the silent partners of their bad habits.—Galveston News.

"August Flower"

"I have been afflicted with biliousness and constipation for fifteen years and first one and then another preparation was suggested to me and tried, but to no purpose. A friend recommended August Flower and words cannot describe the admiration in which I hold it. It has given me a new lease of life, which before was a burden. Its good qualities and wonderful merits should be made known to everyone suffering with dyspepsia and biliousness." JESSE BARKER, Printer, Humboldt, Kas. @

IRON WITHOUT FIRE.

SAVES TIME LABOR MONEY

Sells itself. AGENTS WANTED.

Champion Co., Kansas City, Mo.

BORE WELLS WE MANUFACTURE

DRILL WELLS BEST MACHINERY

AND TOOLS in the world. Reliable work assured. Catalogue Free. LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, Ohio.

NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

FARMS For Sale Cheap. Send 10c. for HOME-SEEKER'S GUIDE. J. F. SMITH, Monroe City, Mo.

NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

PISO'S CURE FOR

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma. Should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION.

A. N. K.—A 1471

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies

Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

TOWER'S

FISH BRAND

SLICKER

The Best Waterproof Coat in the World!

The FISH BRAND SLICKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm.

Cats and Ends.

The Livingston Democrat says a Michigan man has invented a horse-power potato digger that roots them out on the locomotive cowcatcher system, rolls them along an endless belt until the dirt is removed, and drops them into a basket. Why not bring the potato bin out of the cellar and attach that to the machine instead of the basket.

The name of God is spelled with four letters in almost every known language. In Arabian it is Alla; East India, Zeul or Esli; Egyptian, Zent or Aum; French, Dieu; Vaudois, Diou; Tabitian, Atua; Hebrew, Adon; Irish, Dich; Japanese, Zain; Latin, Deus; German, Gott; Malayan, Eesi; Persian, Syra; Peruvian, Llan; Tartarian, Tgan.

Farm horses almost invariably eat too much hay. Many farmers have no regular ration for their horses, but throw down a forkful almost every time they enter the barn. As a result many of these horses are eating from morning till night, to the manifest disadvantage of the haymow and the manifest disadvantage also of the horses, whose bodies become distended, skins dry and coats rough, while the digestive organs are thrown out of gear, so that the animal's whole system becomes impaired.

Of cities with more than 100,000 population England has thirty, German twenty-four, France and Russia each twelve, Italy ten, Austria Hungary six, Spain five, Belgium, the Scandinavian states, Roumania and the Balkan islands each four, the Netherlands three, Portugal two; the total in Europe being 116 great cities. Asia has 105, China having fifty-three and British India thirty. In Africa there are seven, in America forty, of which the United States has twenty-six; South America nine. Australia has only two large cities.

Occupants of a country house near Morrisstown, N. J., have discovered in the garret many interesting letters of the Revolutionary period. Some of them were addressed to a young man in the West Indies. The writer begs the young man to send him some first-rate rum, in order that he may have appropriate refreshment for Gen. Washington and other officers of the patriot army, his frequent visitors. He speaks with much enthusiasm of Washington. The letters describe a drive to New York, and among other things clear up a tragic mystery of that time.

Mexico has agreed to protect all the Japanese immigrants who will come. Within a few years there will probably be 500,000 or more of these people added to the population of our Southern neighbor. It will be an advantageous arrangement for both parties to it. Japan is overflowing with people who are ingenious and industrious. Mexico has lacked labor to develop her great resources. It is quite likely that fewer Japanese will now come to the United States. The general disposition on the Pacific coast to treat Japs just as John Chinaman is treated has discouraged their immigration here.

The Eaton Rapids Herald says: Don't you do it. Don't growl. It is on record that a perfectly healthy German professor died one night because several of his students had, during the day, made him believe that he was dangerously ill. There is no more dangerous man today than the weeper and wailer who spends the days in lengthening his face instead of in doing his share to produce better times. The country is full of money. The golden stream is flowing swiftly hither from the old world. Twenty millions of gold were received this month. Ten millions more are on the way. Tremendous export of American products is going on and increasing. The balance of trade is swelling in our favor to formidable proportions. The country has plenty of silver. The country has plenty of greenbacks. This is only a banker's panic and it is petering out.

The following good advice, which we glean from one of our exchanges, should be read and heeded by several young men who live not more than a thousand miles from Chelsea: "Say, young man, there is one thing you can't do. You can't make a better success of life unless you work. Better men than you have tried it and failed. You can't loaf around street corners, saloons, smoke cigars, tell foul stories or sponge on some one else, without a failure of life. You must learn a trade or get into some honest business; if you don't you will be a chronic loafer, despised by all, producing nothing, simply making yourself a burden to your parents or the state. There is no place in the world for loafers. The ripe fruit is always at the top of the tree, and you must climb if you would get it. If you wait for it to fall you will never get it. Smarter men will jump up and pick it all. Move, do something, no matter how small: it will be a starter. Help yourself and others will help you. There is no royal path to success. Toil, energy and endurance are the requisites. Wake up and see what you can do!"

Aim in Life.

There are some people, keen, intelligent, energetic, having a distinct aim in life and following it closely, but wrapped up in themselves and regardless of others, except as they can use them for their own benefit. Their experience seems to afford them no opening into the lives of others, their struggles do not teach them how to help others, their joys and sorrows do not enable them to sympathize with others. They are, in the words of a recent writer, as "bright and sharp as needles, and they are as hard and narrow." This exclusive devotion to self, however intense and eager, misses its aim. For as we cannot truly help others while neglecting our own proper business, so we cannot do our own work in the best way while neglecting our duties to other people. The experience that we gain through sympathy reacts to make our own lives richer and our own labors more effective.

The Lake Route to the World's Fair via Picturesque Mackinaw.

Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the Floating Palaces of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation Company. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for this Upper Lake route, costing \$300,000 each, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest, safest and fastest steamers on the Lakes; speed 20 miles per hour, running time between Cleveland, Toledo and Chicago less than 50 hours. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinaw, Petoskey and Chicago. Daily trips between Detroit and Cleveland; during July and August double daily service will be maintained, giving a daylight ride across Lake Erie. Daily service between Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. First-class stateroom accommodations and meals, and exceedingly low Round Trip Rates. The palatial equipments, the luxury of the appointments makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A. Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co., Detroit, Mich.

How Styles Are Sometimes Started.

The two sets in Paris that indulge in costly and stylish dress are the fashionable society ladies and the actresses who figure in society plays that are given at the best theaters. These last named dress superbly and always in exquisite taste. Very often some new fashion becomes popular and spreads throughout the civilized world from having first been seen on the stage of the Comedie Francaise or the Vaudeville.

The oddest case of this kind took place at the last named theater when hoops were at the height of their vogue, and when the splendors in female attire of the second empire had been carried to their highest point. A piece, intended to satirize these extravagances in dress and called "Loud Dressing," was brought out. The actress who played the part of the heroine wore an enormous hoop and a dress loaded with ornaments and trimmings of every kind. This toilet produced exactly the contrary effect from what had been intended. The fashionable Parisian ladies were delighted with it, and it was copied and reproduced in all leading drawing rooms, beginning with that of the Tuileries.—Lucy Hooper in Home Journal.

Adulterated Wine.

Is injurious, but nothing gives strength, and tears up the stomach like a pure old port wine. "Royal Ruby Port," so called for its royal taste and ruby color, is on account of its purity, age and strength, particularly adapted for invalids, convalescents and the aged. Sold only in bottles (never in bulk) while cheap wine is sold by the gallon and gives a larger profit to the seller but less to the user. The wine is absolutely pure, and has the age without which no wine is fit to use. Be sure you get "Royal Ruby," quart bottles \$1.00, 60 cts. Sold by R. S. Armstrong & Co., Druggists.

The enlisted Indians do not prove as good soldiers as was expected and several companies have disbanded. It seemed for a time a good way to introduce the Indian to civilization, in a way that would be most pleasant to his savage nature. If we were fighting these Indians would probably make good soldiers, but they do not take to the restraints of soldier life in times of peace. They take advantage of the laws allowing them to buy their discharges. Probably what restraint they are subjected to before they can do this will prove of some benefit to them.

Eucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Co.

Farm Notes.

Fruit trees do better on well drained land.

Many horses are ruined by carelessness in handling.

Nothing adds more to the value of the farm than a good orchard.

Growing sheep instead of taking fertility from the soil improves it.

The apple borer begins his work the first year after planting the trees.

Trim all the wood from the current bushes as soon as the leaves are off.

It rarely if ever pays to whip a horse. They yield much quicker to kind treatment.

It is expensive to keep the brood sow on corn all winter. Give milk, bran, roots etc.

If you haven't the cash to pay with, better do without something than to buy "on time."

The question with the stock grower is, how to increase the quality without increasing the cost.

There is no greater luxury than a dish of strawberries fresh from your own garden. Plant a patch for home use at least.

"Royal Ruby" Port Wine.

If you are reduced in vitality or strength by illness or any other cause, we recommend the use of this Old Port Wine, the very blood of the grape. A grand tonic for nursing mothers, and those reduced by wasting disease. It creates strength; improves the appetite; nature's own remedy, much preferable to drugs, guaranteed absolutely pure and over five years of age. Young wine ordinarily sold is not fit to use. Insist on having this standard brand, it costs no more. \$1 in quart bottles, pints 60 cents. Royal Wine Co. For sale by R. S. Armstrong & Co., Druggists.

Health and Morality.

It seems scarcely possible to over-estimate the scope and importance of those laws which tend toward the acquisition and preservation of health, physical, mental, and moral. If a child is scrawny and sick, peevish and morose, full of bile and "cussedness," he will upset the decalogue and break every commandment; but do not set him to reading "meditations on death," or to studying catechisms, but send him to the gymnasium, allow him to commune with nature in the open air, and he will develop a better disposition and a better character. Those pale, devitalized, saintly children, filled with negative goodness and amiable tameness, are insipid and incapable of these positive, robust, aggressive virtues so much in demand at the present day.—Nursery Guide.

Farmers, I have a full blood Jersey bull for service. Terms \$1.00. C. Haefner.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds.—If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Co's., Drug store. Large bottles 50c and \$1.00.

A farmer living near Elgin, who had been bothered by some urchins stealing a few grapes to eat, laid in wait for them with a loaded shotgun. When the youngsters arrived the gun was hastily discharged but the old man happened to receive the charge and dropped dead in his tracks. Nature chooses her victims with rare discernment and discretion.

Why?

Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and you will know why we call it "Royal." A glass held up to the light will show why we call it Ruby. \$500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five years old, or in any way adulterated. It is grand in sickness and convalescence, or where a strengthening cordial is required; recommended by druggists and physicians. Be sure you get "Royal Ruby," don't let dealers impose on you with something "just as good," but go to R. S. Armstrong & Co., and get the genuine. Sold only in bottles; price, quarts \$1.00, pints 60 cts. Bottled by Royal Wine Co.

Now and then a glutton can be found who can defy what was once supposed to be the impossible and eat a quail each day for thirty consecutive days; but the effect is not apt in any way to increase the future demand for the granivorous bird, so far as the quail-eater's appetite is concerned. For future months and years the mere thought of a quail is apt to make his stomach roll.

WEAK, NERVOUS & DISEASED MEN.

Thousands of Young and Middle Aged Men are annually swept to premature graves through early indiscretion and later excesses. Self abuse and Constitutional Weakness have ruined and wrecked the life of many a promising young man. Have you any of the following Symptoms: Nervous and Dependent; Tired in Morning; No Action; Memory Poor; Easily Fatigued; Excitable and Irritable; Eyes Blurred; Pimples on the Face; Dreams and Drains at Night; Headaches; Hangnail; Looking Bloated; Bore Throat; Hair Loose; Pains in Body; Sunken Eyes; Lifeless; Distracted and Lack of Energy and Strength. Our New Method Treatment will build you up mentally, physically and sexually.



Chas. Patterson.

Read What **DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN** Have Done.

"At 16 years of age I learned a bad habit which almost ruined me. I became nervous and weak. My back troubled me. I could stand no exertion. Head and eyes became dull. Dreams and drains at night weakened me. I tried seven Medical Firms, Electric Belts, Patent Medicines and Family Doctors. They gave me no help. A friend advised me to try Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They sent me one month's treatment and it cured me. I could feel myself gaining every day. Their New Method Treatment cures when all else fails." They have cured many of my friends.



Dr. Moulton.

CURES GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED.

"Some 6 years ago I contracted a serious constitutional blood disease. I went to Hot Springs to treat for syphilis. Mercury almost killed me. After a while the symptoms again appeared. Throat became sore, pains in limbs, pimples on face; blotches, eyes red, loss of hair, glands enlarged, etc. A medical friend advised Dr. Kennedy & Kergan's New Method Treatment. It cured me, and I have had no symptoms for five years. I am married and happy. I have a doctor, a hearty seconded to all who have this terrible disease—syphilis." It will eradicate the poison from the blood.



Cured 3 years ago.

15 YEARS IN DETROIT. 150,000 CURED.

"I am 35 years of age, and married. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions and later excesses made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidneys became affected and I feared Bright's disease. Married life was unsatisfactory and my home unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. Their New Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. Try them."

No Names Used Without Written Consent of Patient.

Our New Method Treatment never fails in curing Diseases of men, drains and losses, purifies the blood, clears the brain, builds up the nervous and sexual systems and restores lost vitality to the body.

We Guarantee to Cure Nervous Debility, Wasting Manhood, Syphilis, Varicose, Stricture, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Weak Parts and All Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

REMEMBER Drs. Kennedy & Kergan are the leading specialists of America. They guarantee to cure or no pay. Their reputation and fifteen years of successful treatment is a stake. You run no risk. Write them for an honest opinion, no matter who treated you. It may save you years of regret and suffering. Charges reasonable. Write for a Question List and Book Free. Consultation Free.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, 148 Shelby St. Detroit, Mich.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the 7th day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Nancy M. Conklin deceased, Calvin T. Conklin executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor.

Thereupon it is Ordered, that Tuesday the 7th day of November next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered, that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in The Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. [A true copy.] V.M. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Excursions.

Excursion fares have been granted on the certificate plan by the M. C. R. R. to the following points for the occasions mentioned: Free Will Baptists meeting, Reading, Nov. 7-10;

Business Pointers.

Glazier, the druggist, sells all 50c medicines at 25 to 38c.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich. No 18

Glazier, the druggist, sells all dollar medicines at 58 to 78c per bottle.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-Bone, Stiffes, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich. 18

Glazier, the druggist, sells all pills, plasters, and 25c medicines at 12 to 18c.

Markets.

Chelsea, Oct. 26, 1893.
Eggs, per dozen 18c
Butter, per pound 23c
Oats, per bushel 30c
Corn, per bushel 28c
Wheat, per bushel 50c
Potatoes, per bushel 50c
Apples, per bushel 35c
Onions, per bushel 60c
Beans, per bushel \$1 85

Commissioners Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of David Thomas, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the law office of David S. Taylor in the village of Chelsea, in said County on the fifth day of December and on the fifth day of March next, at ten o'clock A. M., of each said date, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated September 25th, 1893. HIRAM PIERCE, ARTHUR S. CONGDON, Commissioners.

A FEW FACTS.

A remedy has been found which cures chronic diseases; not in every case, but a large percentage of them. And in cases too far gone for cure; it affords relief and prolongs life. Many who have been given over by physicians have been prevailed upon by friends to try this remedy, the Compound Oxygen Treatment of Drs. Starkey and Palen, of Philadelphia, and are now living to testify to its wonderful curative powers. It has been successful in curing many cases of catarrh, malarial diseases, hay fever, asthma, bronchitis, neuralgia, nervous prostration and other chronic diseases. In these diseases physicians have had little success, as the name they have given to this class of disorders indicates, but Compound Oxygen has worked wonders.

There is only one genuine Compound Oxygen, and any made elsewhere or by others than Drs. Starkey and Palen, is spurious. Avoid imitations.

If you wish to learn more of this wonderful remedy, send for our book of 200 pages, sent free, with numerous testimonials and records of surprising cures. 49

Drs. Starkey & Palen,

1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.
120 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Subscribe for the HERALD. \$1.00.